

Debugging Linux Kernel Source with Eclipse & QEMU in Fedora Core 11

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Acknowledgement

- These slides are based on Takis Blog.
 - <http://issaris.blogspot.com/2007/12/download-linux-kernel-sourcecode-from.html>
- All the credits go to the author of the Blog.

OS & Software Environment

- OS: Fedora Core 11
- Linux Kernel Source: 2.6.30.2
- IDE for Debugging: Eclipse-CDT
- Virtual Machine for Debugging: QEMU
- Compiler: GCC (version 4.4)

1. Install Eclipse/Eclipse-CDT

- Fedora Core 10/11
 - Install Fedora Eclipse packages
 - From CD/DVD or with yum.
- Other distribution
 - Download "Eclipse IDE for C/C++ Developers" from Eclipse site & Install.
 - <http://www.eclipse.org/downloads/>

2. Download Linux Kernel

- Obtain Linux Kernel source from Linux Kernel website
 - <http://www.kernel.org>
 - I downloaded 2.6.30.2 version (on 7/20/09)
 - <http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.30.2.tar.bz2>

3. Untar Linux Kernel source

- Change to “root” user in a Terminal/Shell

```
$ su –
```

- Untar Linux Kernel source:

```
$ cp linux-2.6.30.2.tar.bz2 /usr/local/src/
```

```
$ cd /usr/local/src/
```

```
$ tar jxvf linux-2.6.30.2.tar.bz2
```

4. Configure with .config (1)

```
$ mkdir -p /mnt/build/linux-2.6  
$ cp /boot/config-2.6.29.4-  
167.fc11.i686.PAE /mnt/build/linux-  
2.6/.config  
$ cd /usr/local/src/linux-2.6.30.2/  
$ make oldconfig O=/mnt/build/linux-2.6
```

...

4. Configure with .config (2)

Kernel compression mode

- > 1. Gzip (KERNEL_GZIP) (NEW)
- 2. Bzip2 (KERNEL_BZIP2) (NEW)
- 3. LZMA (KERNEL_LZMA) (NEW)

choice[1-3?]:

...

Strip assembler-generated symbols during link (STRIP_ASM_SYMS) [**N/y/?**] (NEW)

Support for extended (non-PC) x86 platforms (X86_EXTENDED_PLATFORM)
[**Y/n/?**]

Support non-standard 32-bit SMP architectures (X86_32_NON_STANDARD)
[**N/y/?**]

Paravirtualization layer for spinlocks (PARAVIRT_SPINLOCKS) [**N/y/?**]

...

// It asked many things. I entered “default” for all the questions.

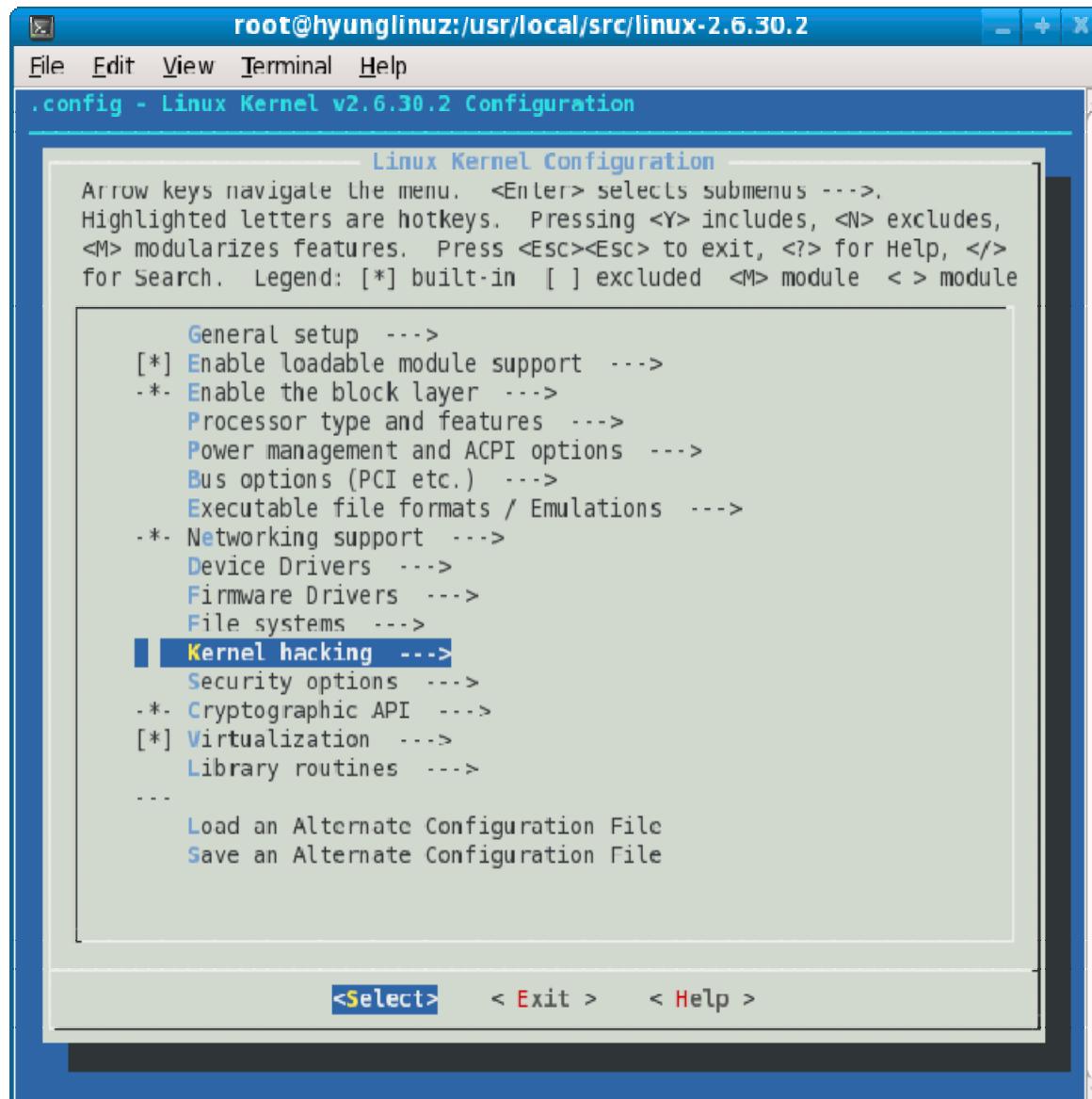
configuration written to .config

4. Configure with .config (3)

```
$ make menuconfig O=/mnt/build/linux-2.6
```

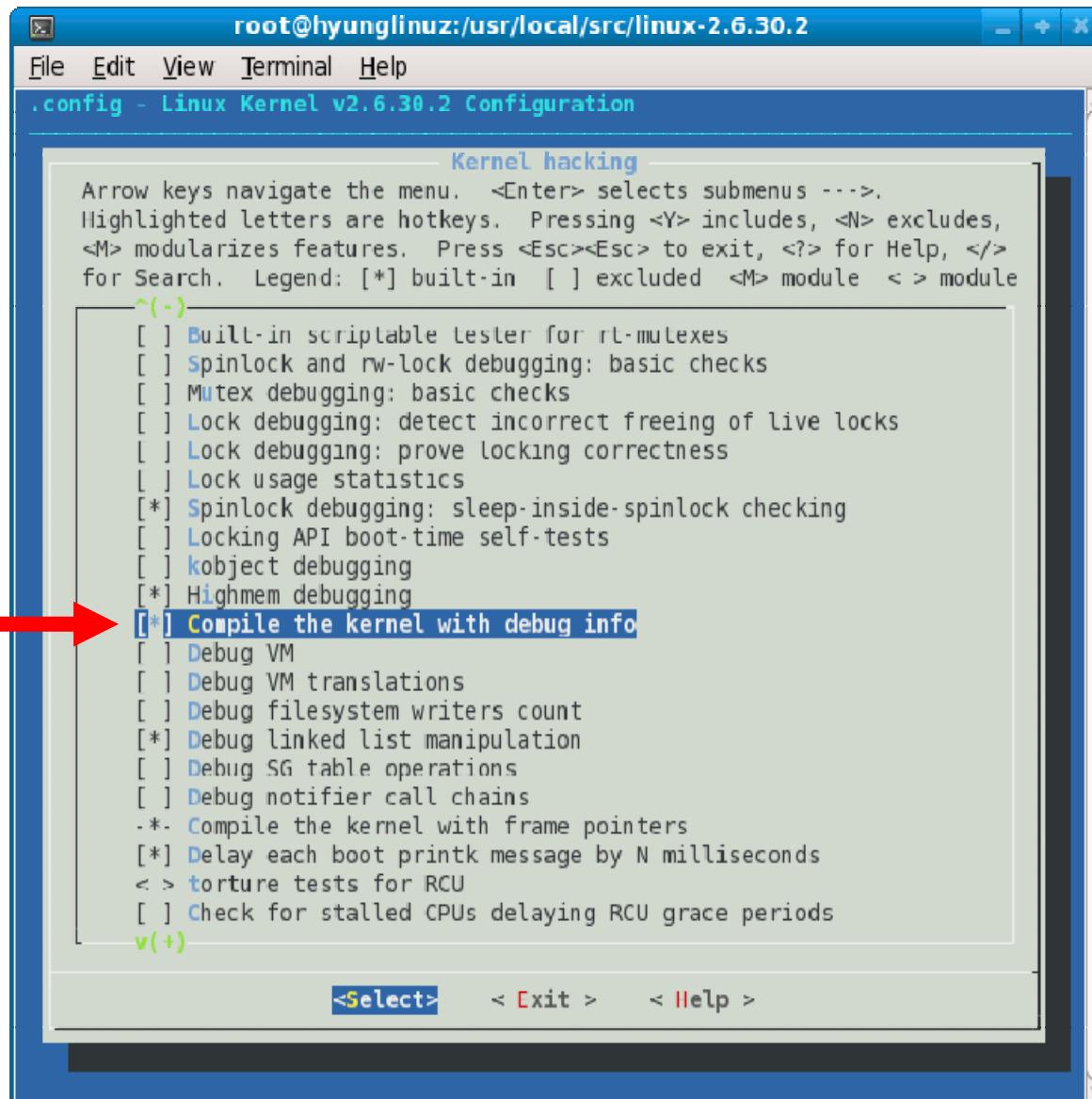
4. Configure with .config (3)

- Select “Kernel Hacking →”



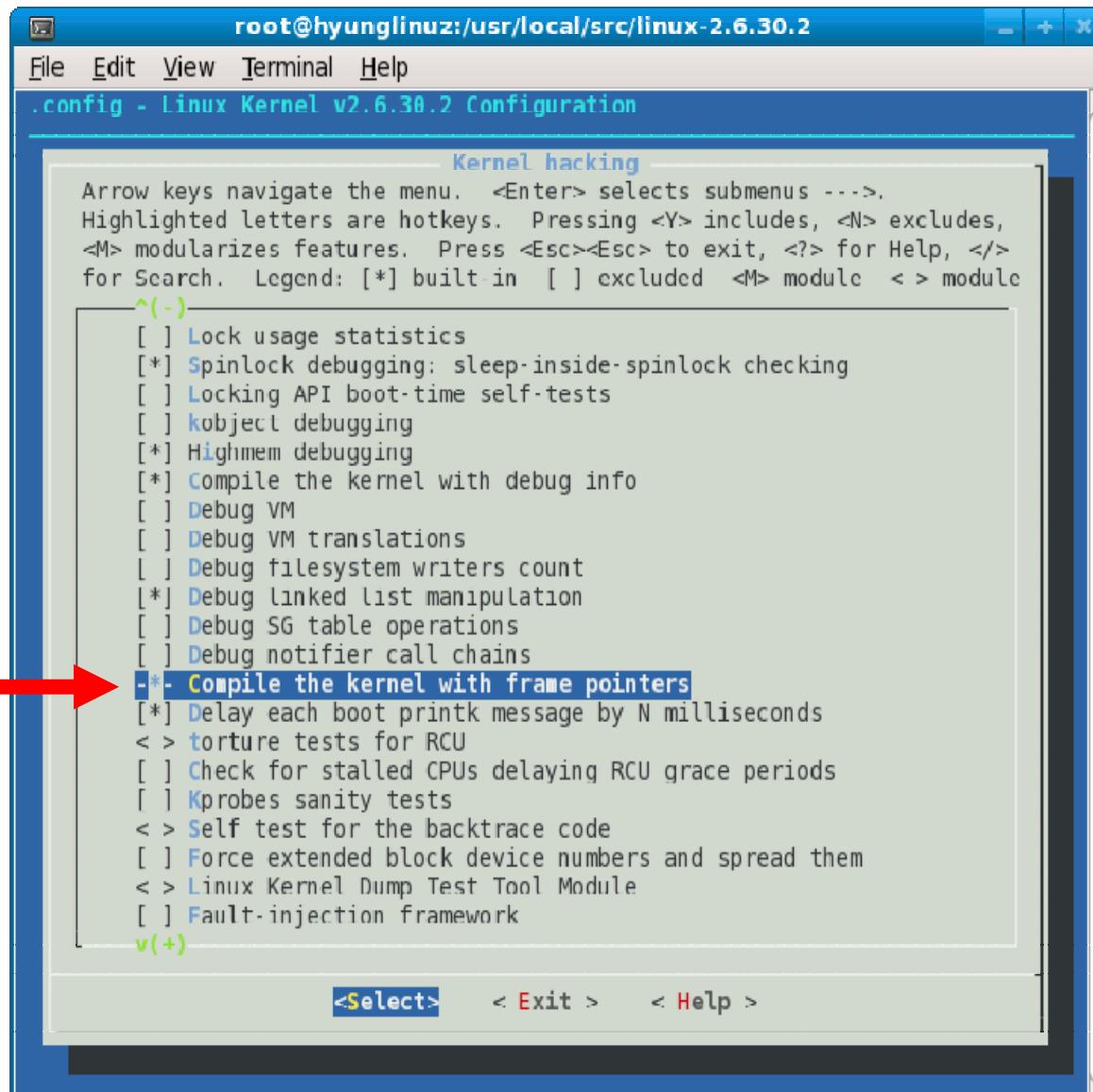
4. Configure with .config (3)

- Enable “Compile the kernel with debug info”



4. Configure with .config (3)

- Enable “Compile the kernel with frame pointers”



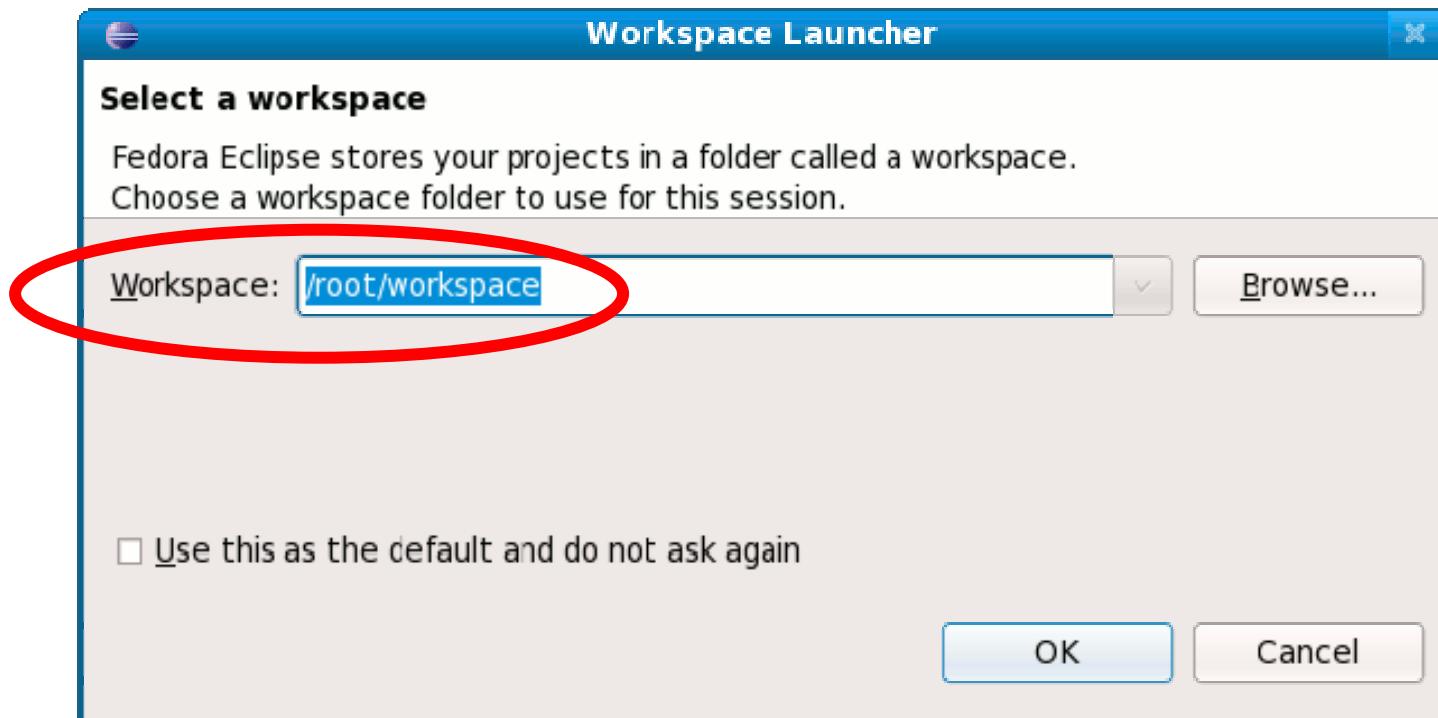
5. Run Eclipse (or Eclipse-cdt)

- In a terminal/shell:

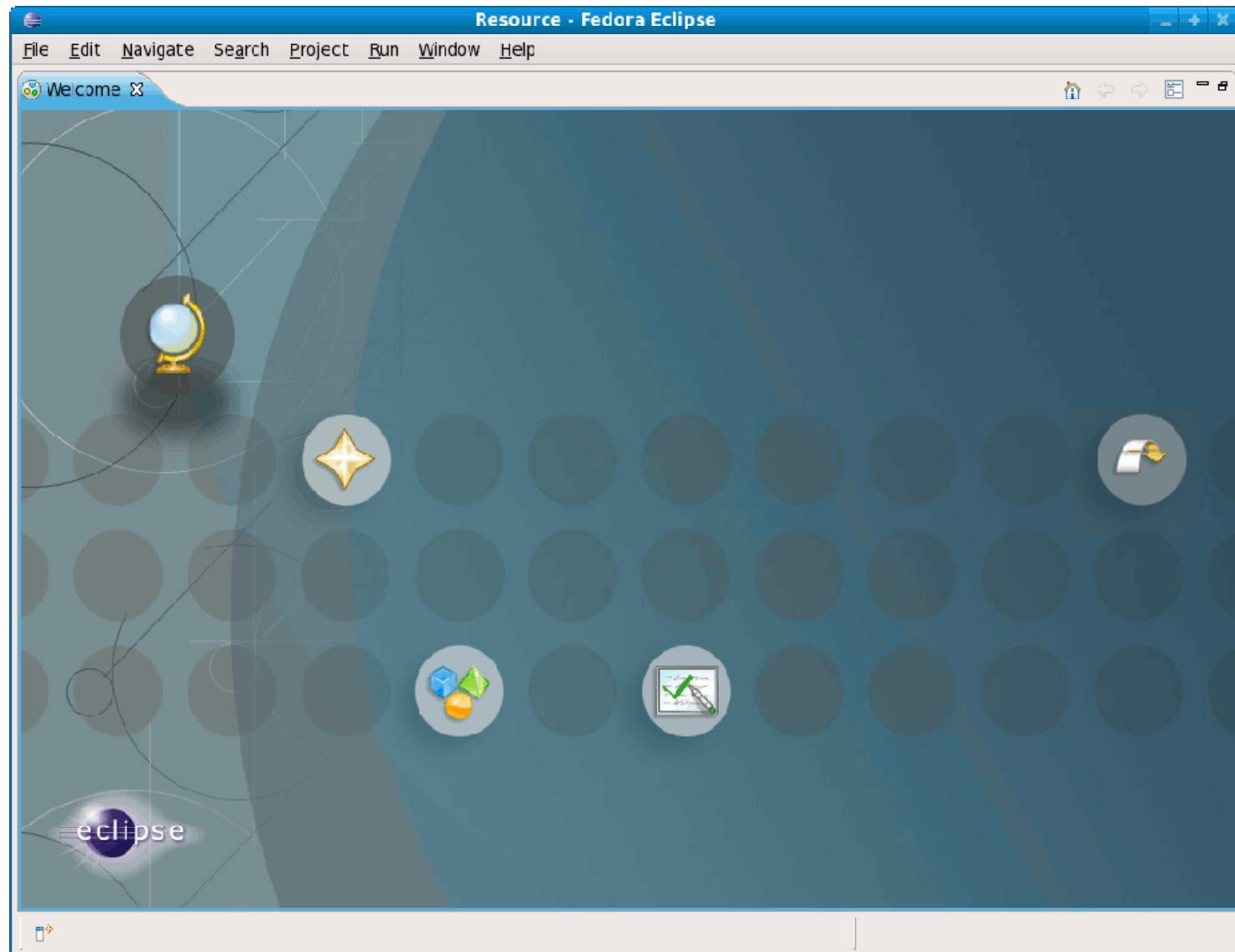
```
$ eclipse
```

5. Run Eclipse (or Eclipse-cdt)

- “Select a workspace”: /root/workspace

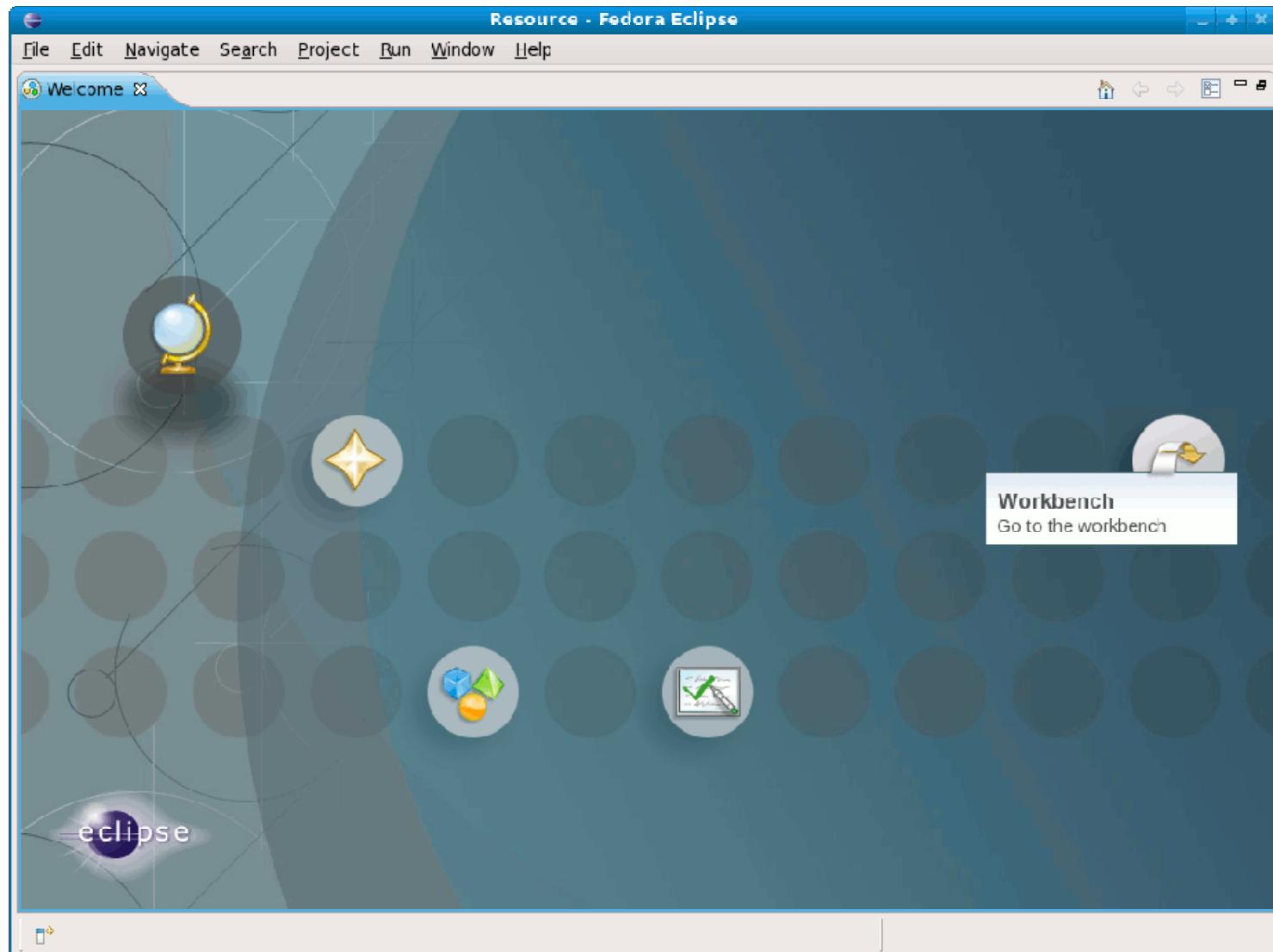


5. Run Eclipse (or Eclipse-cdt)



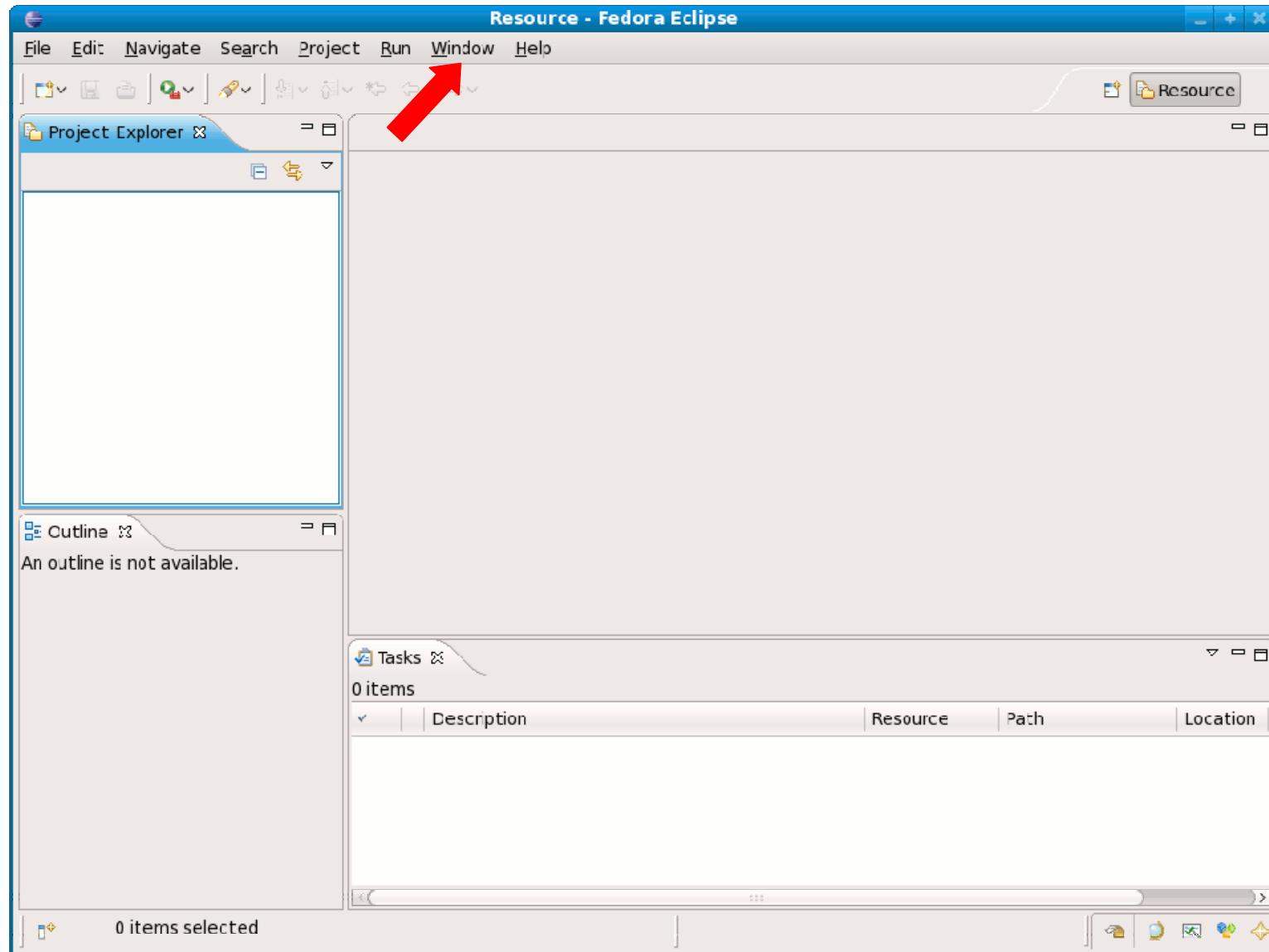
5. Run Eclipse (or Eclipse-cdt)

- “Go to the Workbench”



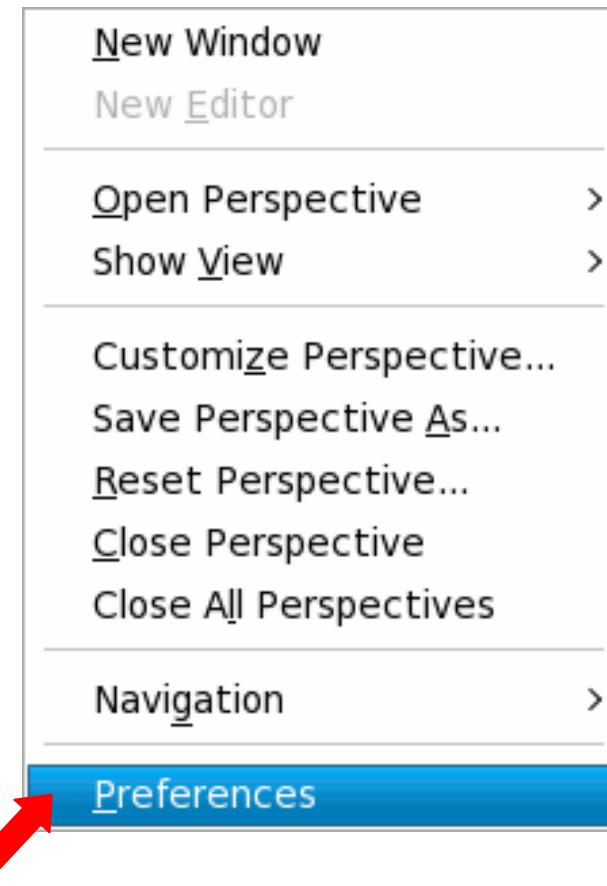
5. Run Eclipse (or Eclipse-cdt)

- Select “Window→ Preferences”:



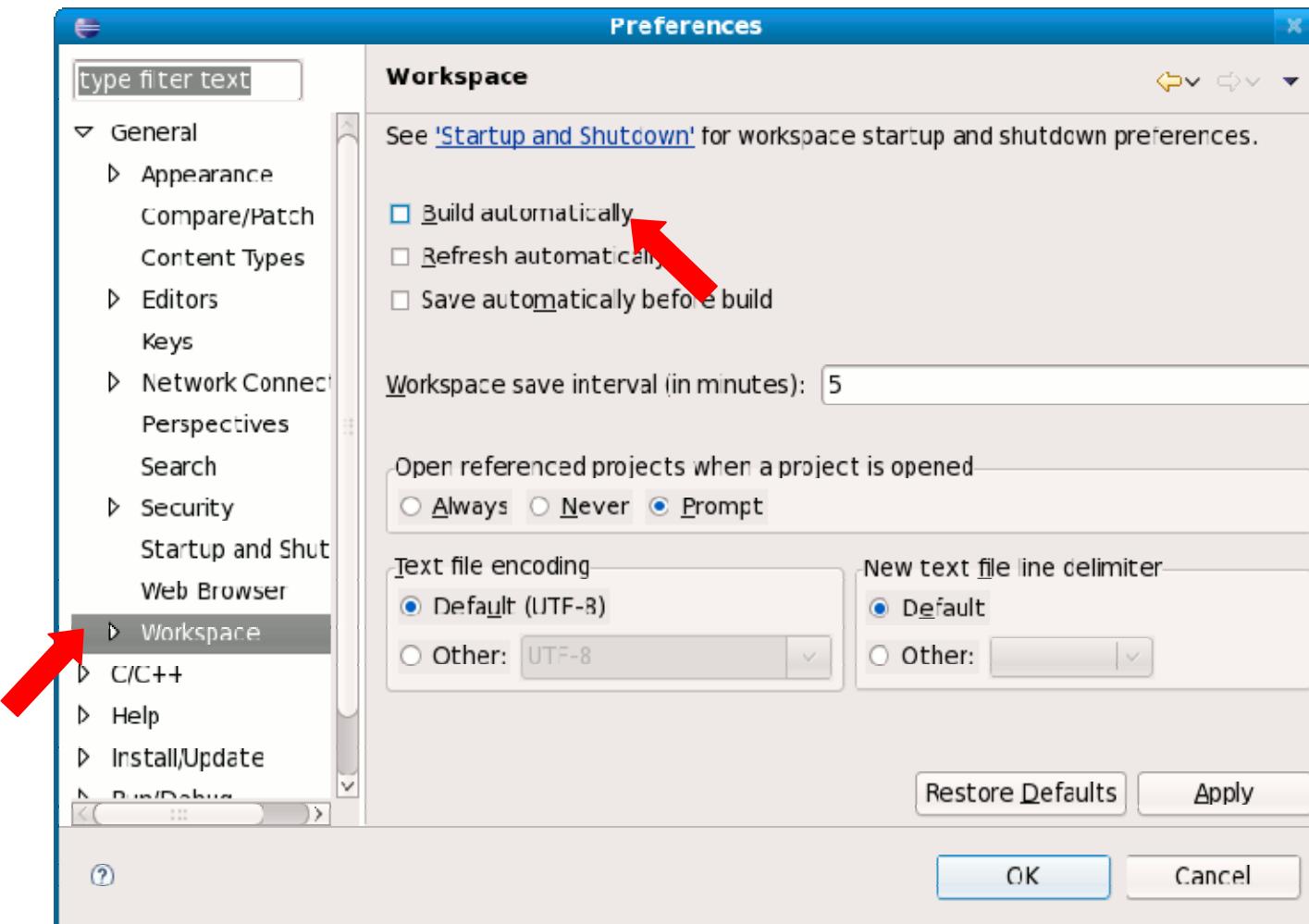
5. Run Eclipse (or Eclipse-cdt)

- Select “Window→ Preferences”:



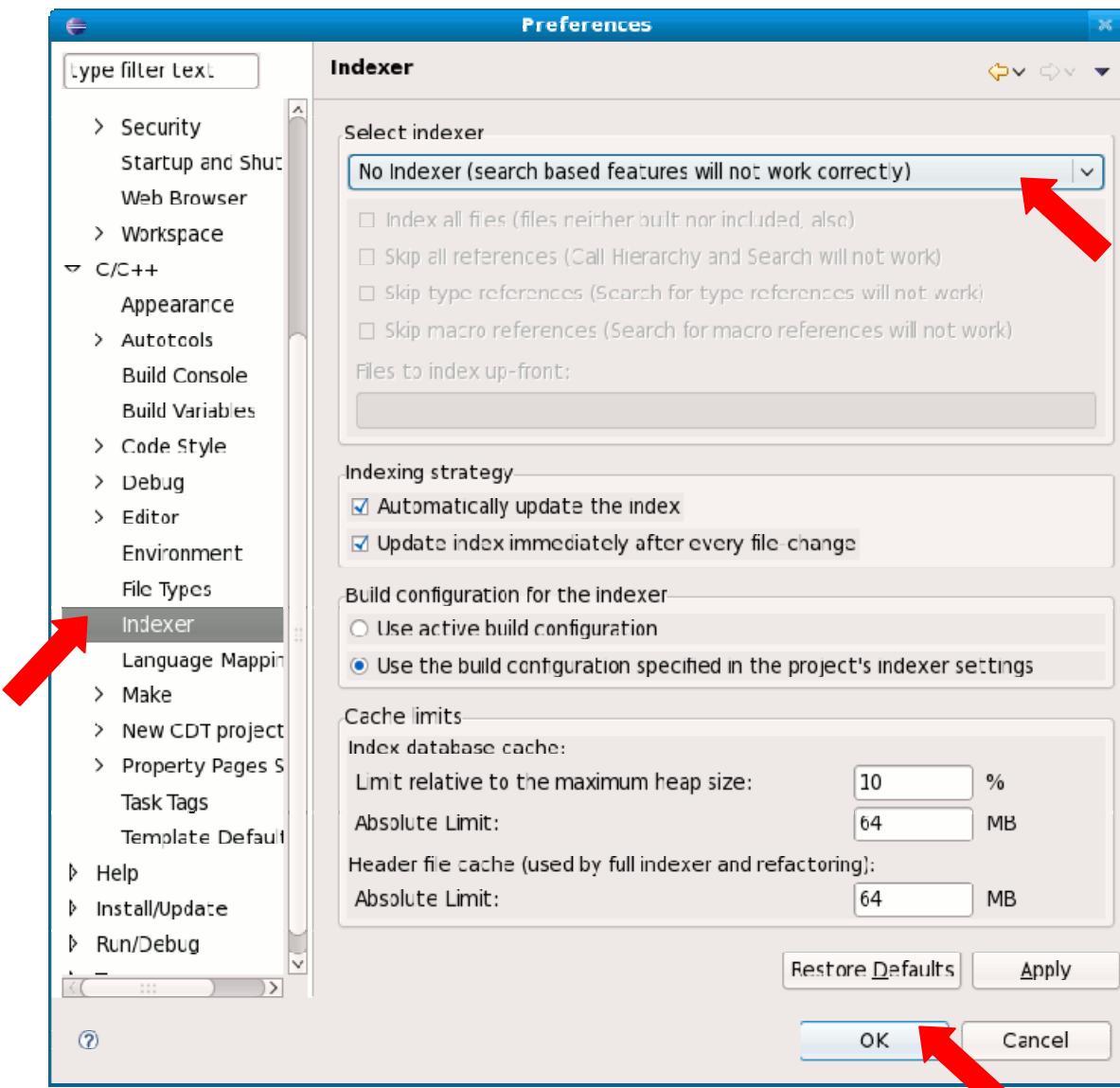
5. Run Eclipse (or Eclipse-cdt)

- Select “General → Workspace”
- Deselect “Build automatically” & “Apply”



5. Run Eclipse (or Eclipse-cdt)

- Select “C/C++ → Indexer”



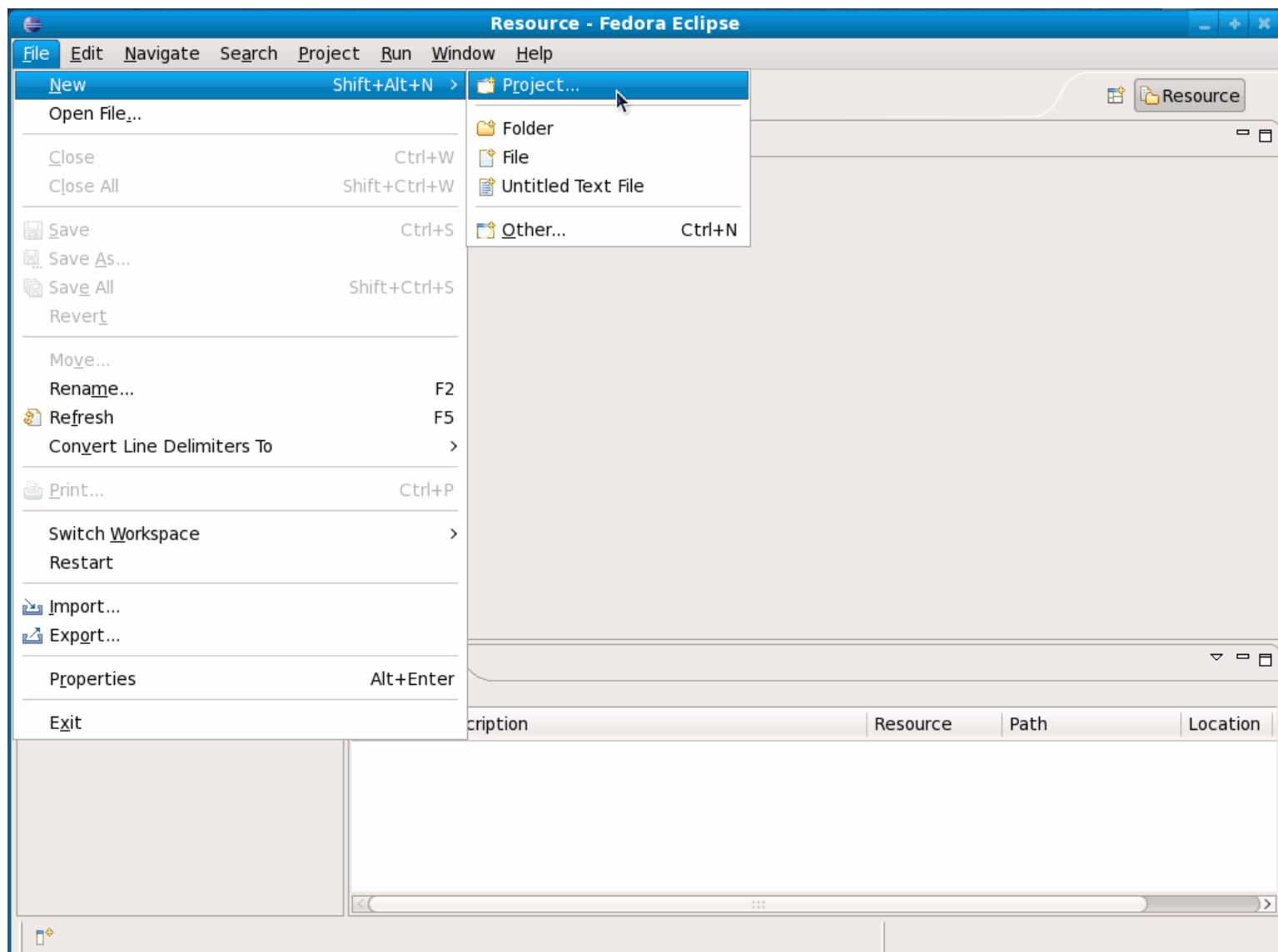
Switch "Fast C/C++ Indexer" to "No Indexer"

Click “OK”

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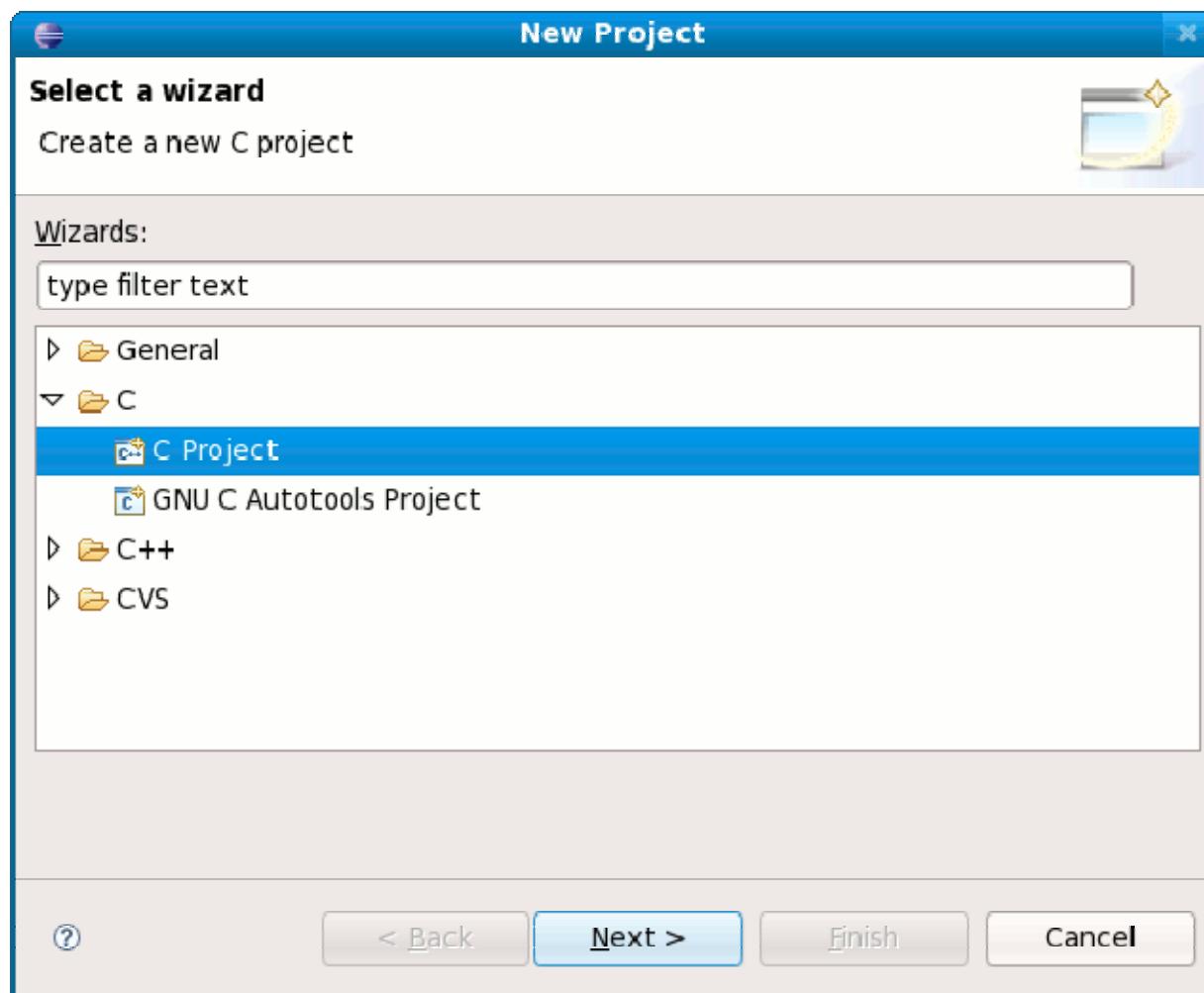
6. New Project

- “File→New→Project..” on Eclipse menu



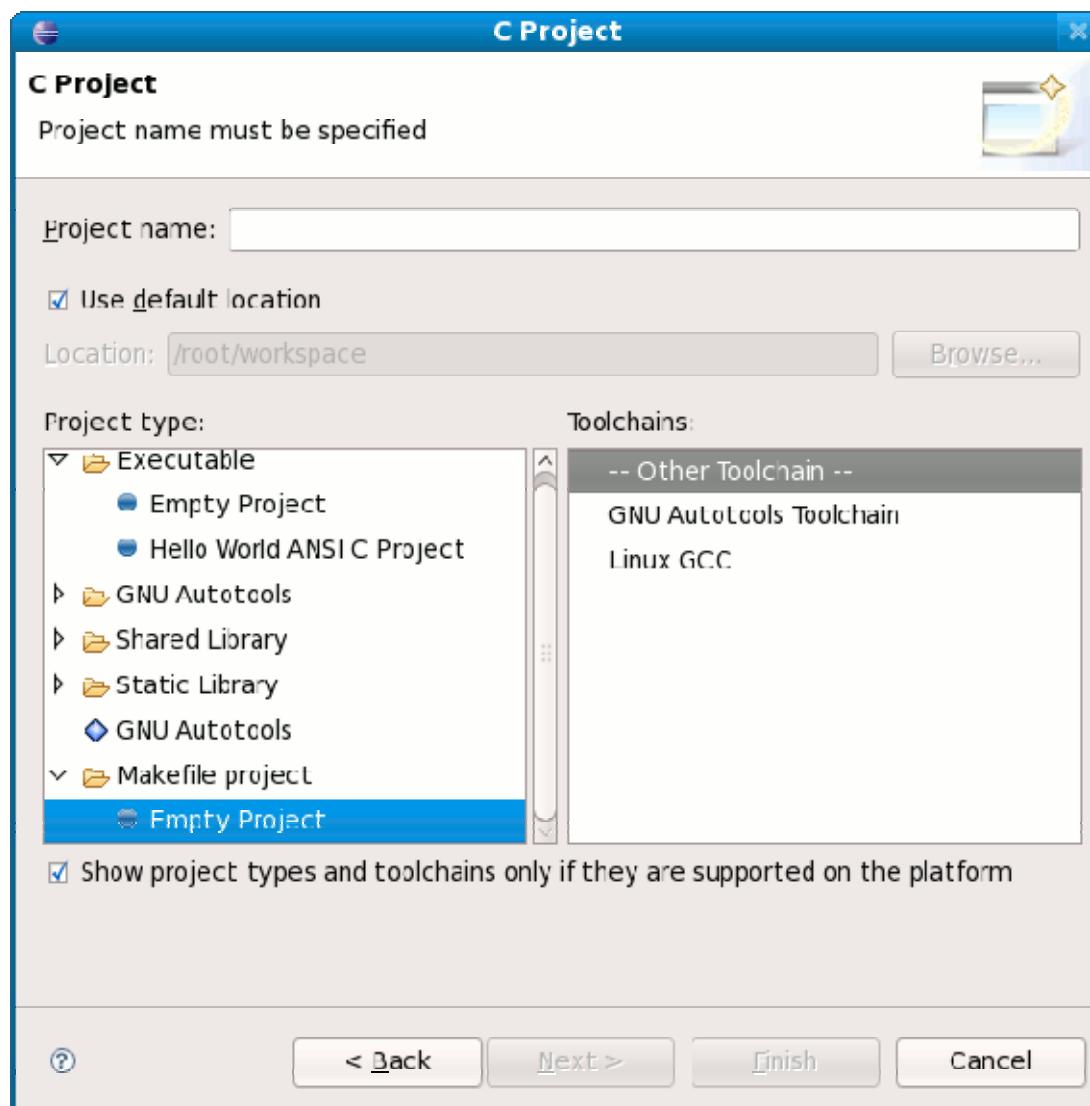
6. New Project

- Select “C→C Project” & click “Next”



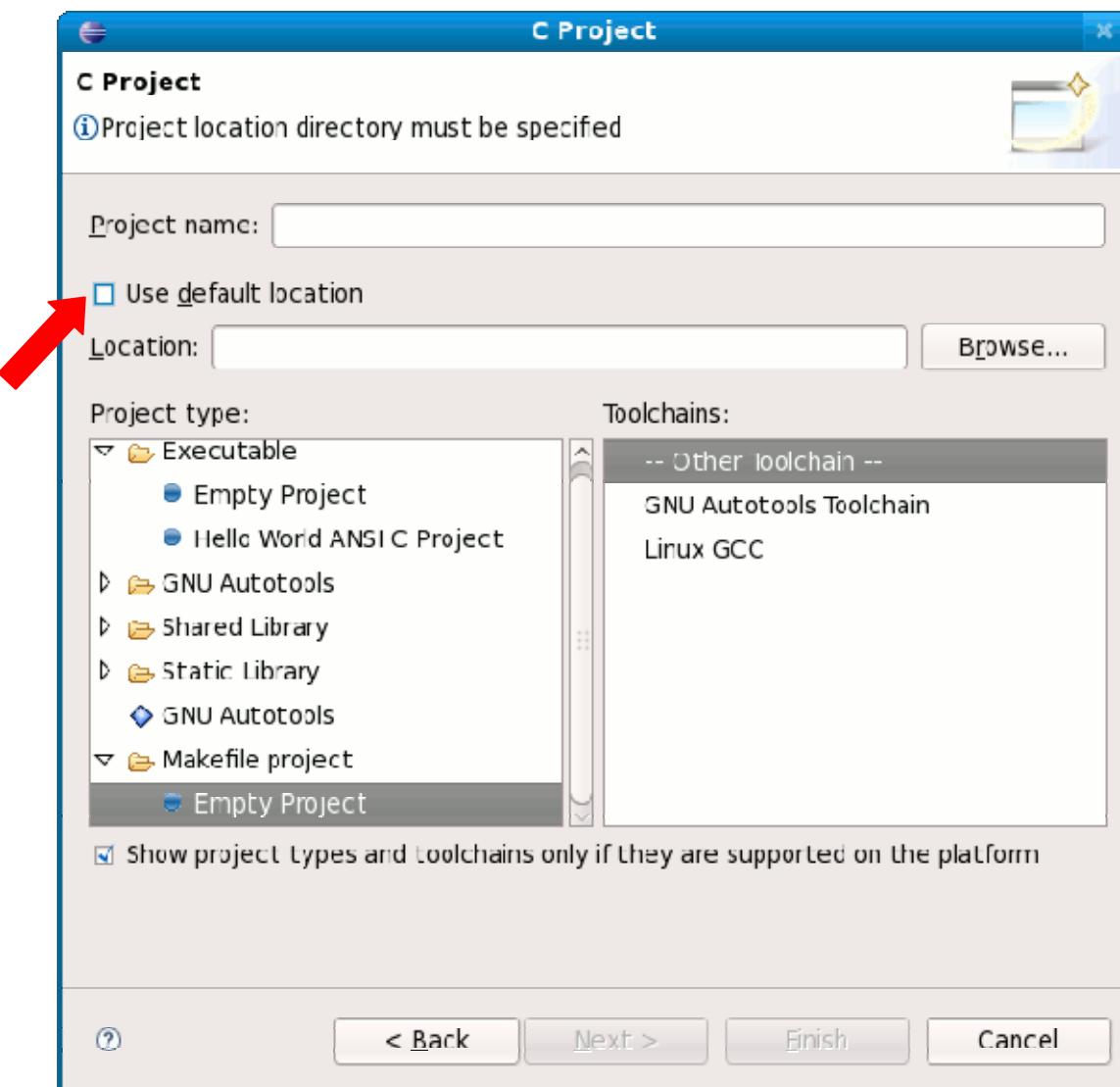
6. New Project

- Select “Makefile project” → “Empty Project”



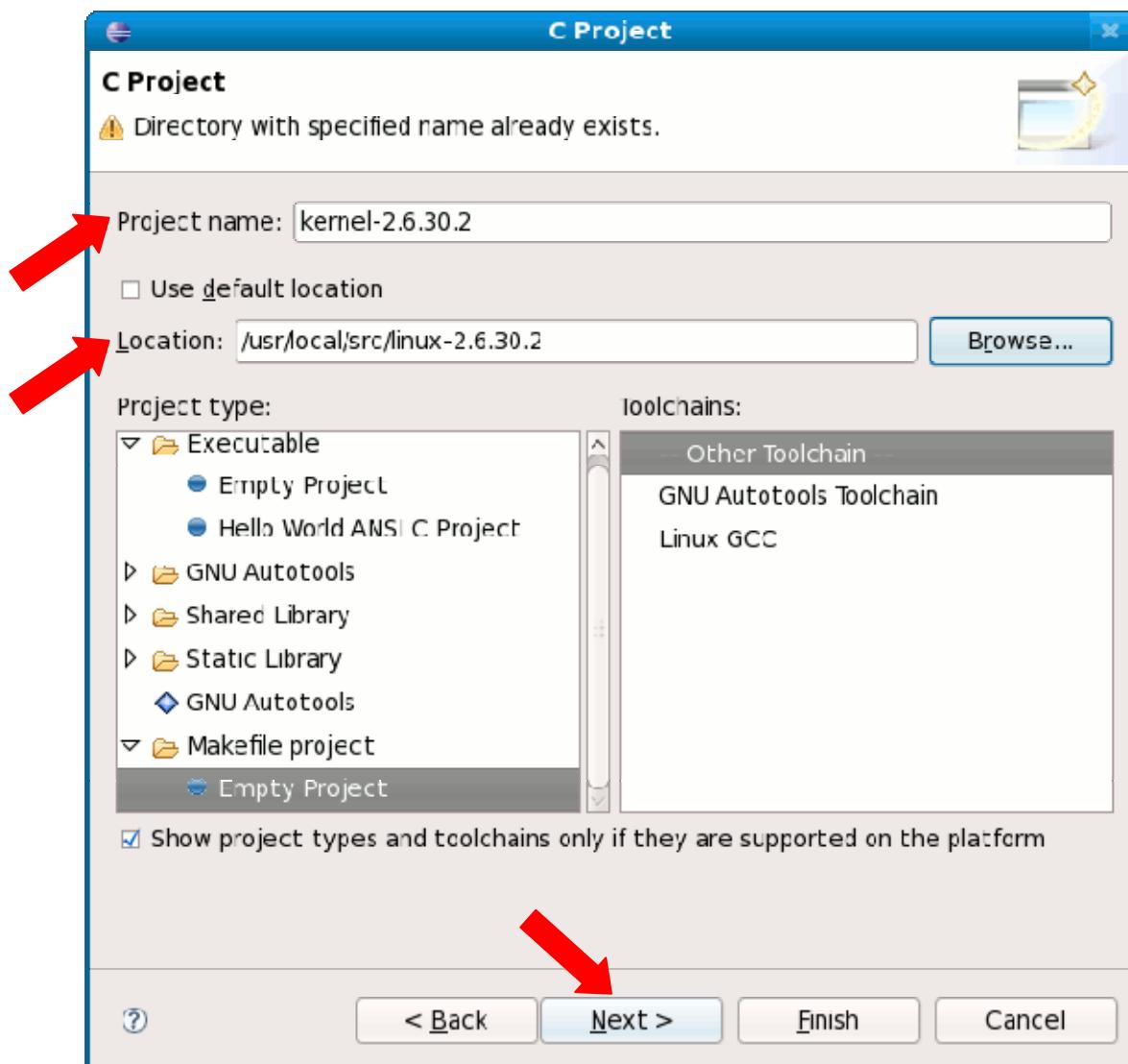
6. New Project

- Uncheck “Use default location” checkbox



6. New Project

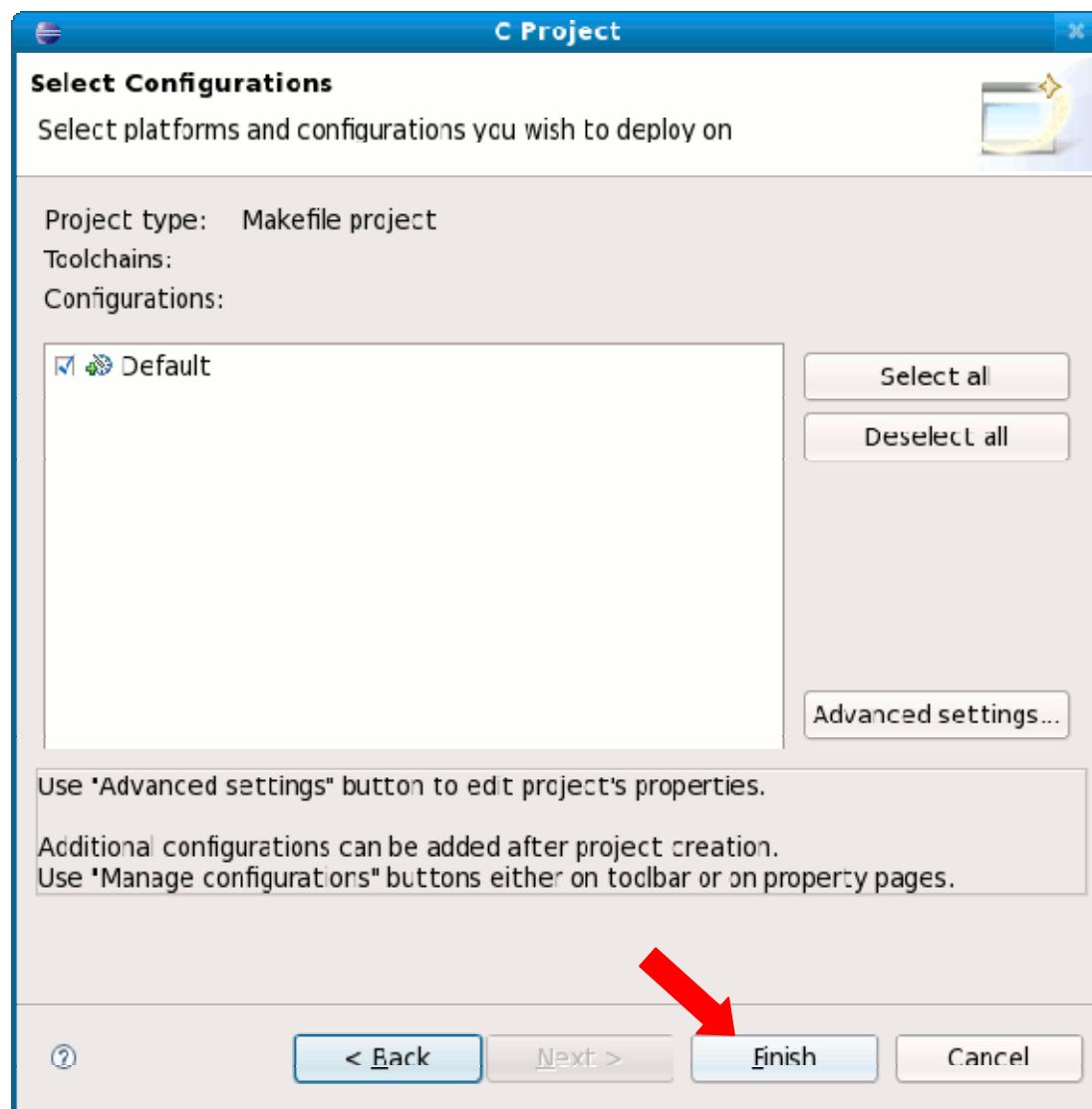
- Enter the project name in “Project name”
- Enter “/usr/local/src/linux-2.6.30.2” into “Location”



Click “Next”

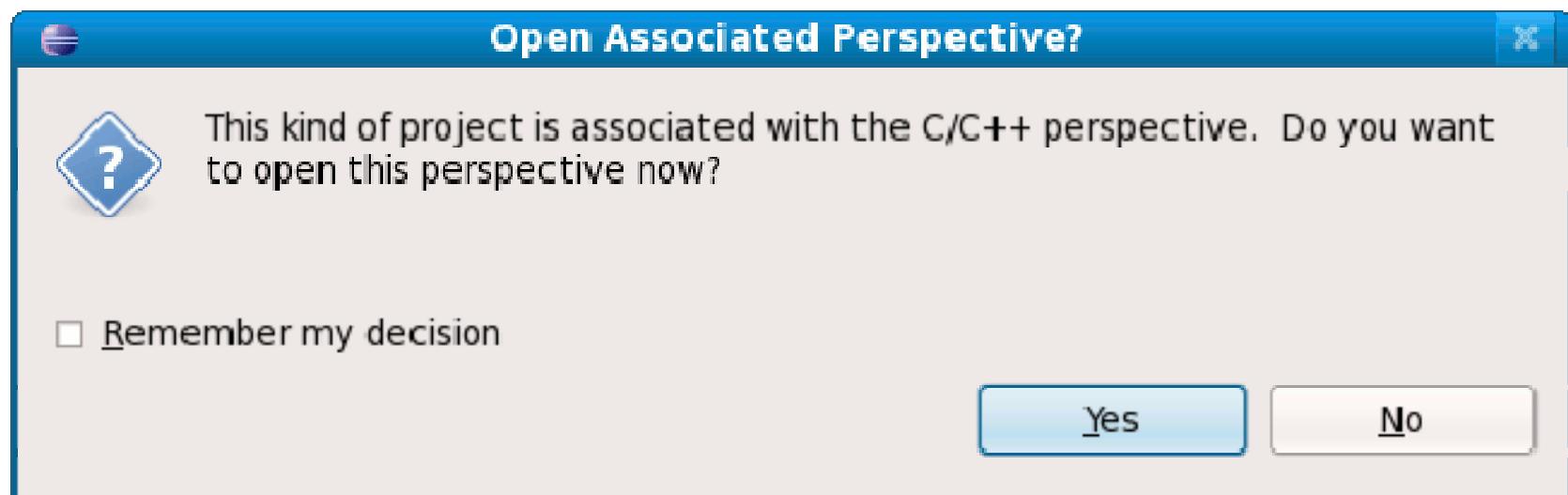
6. New Project

- Click “Finish”



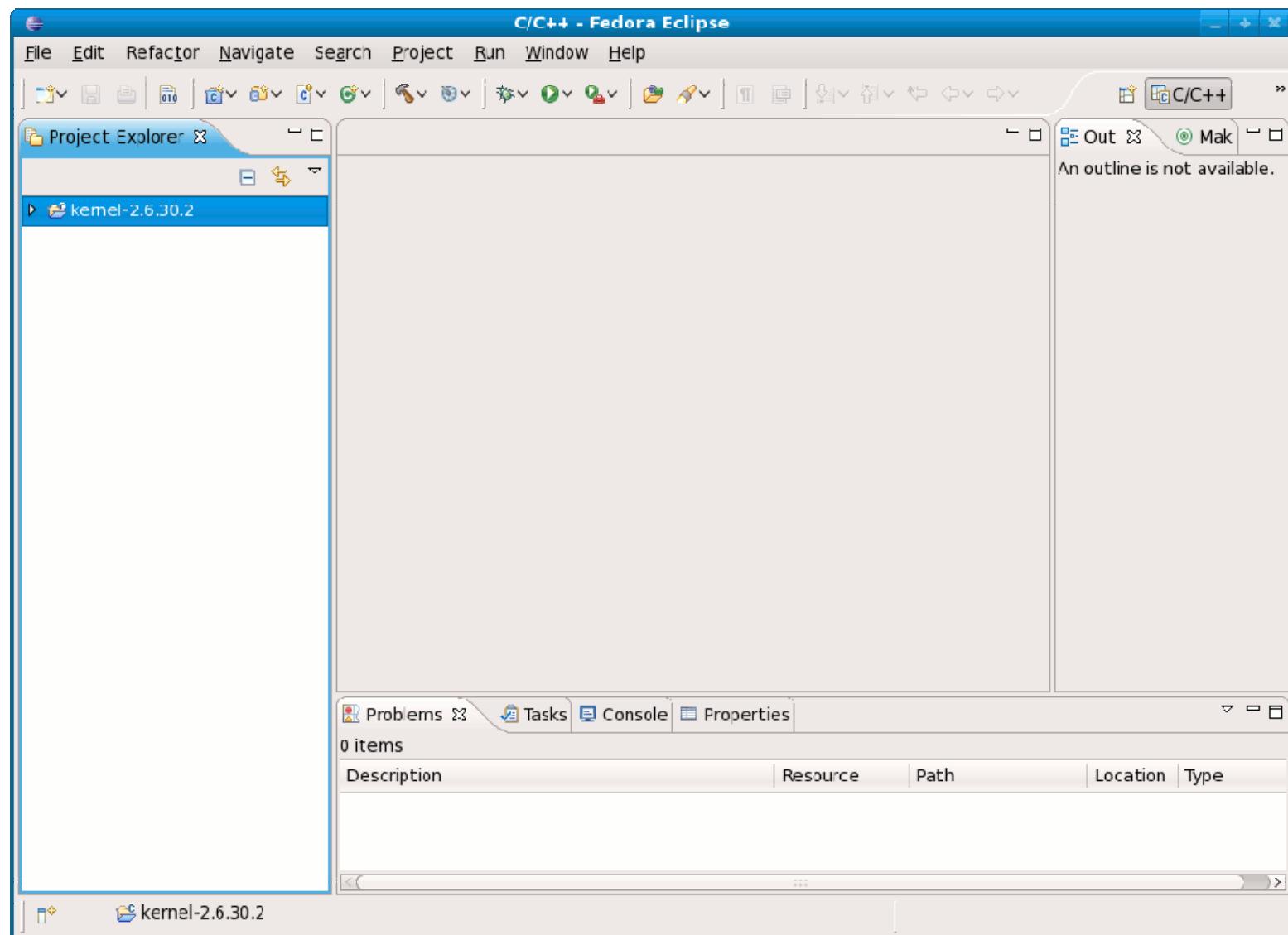
6. New Project

- Answer “Yes”



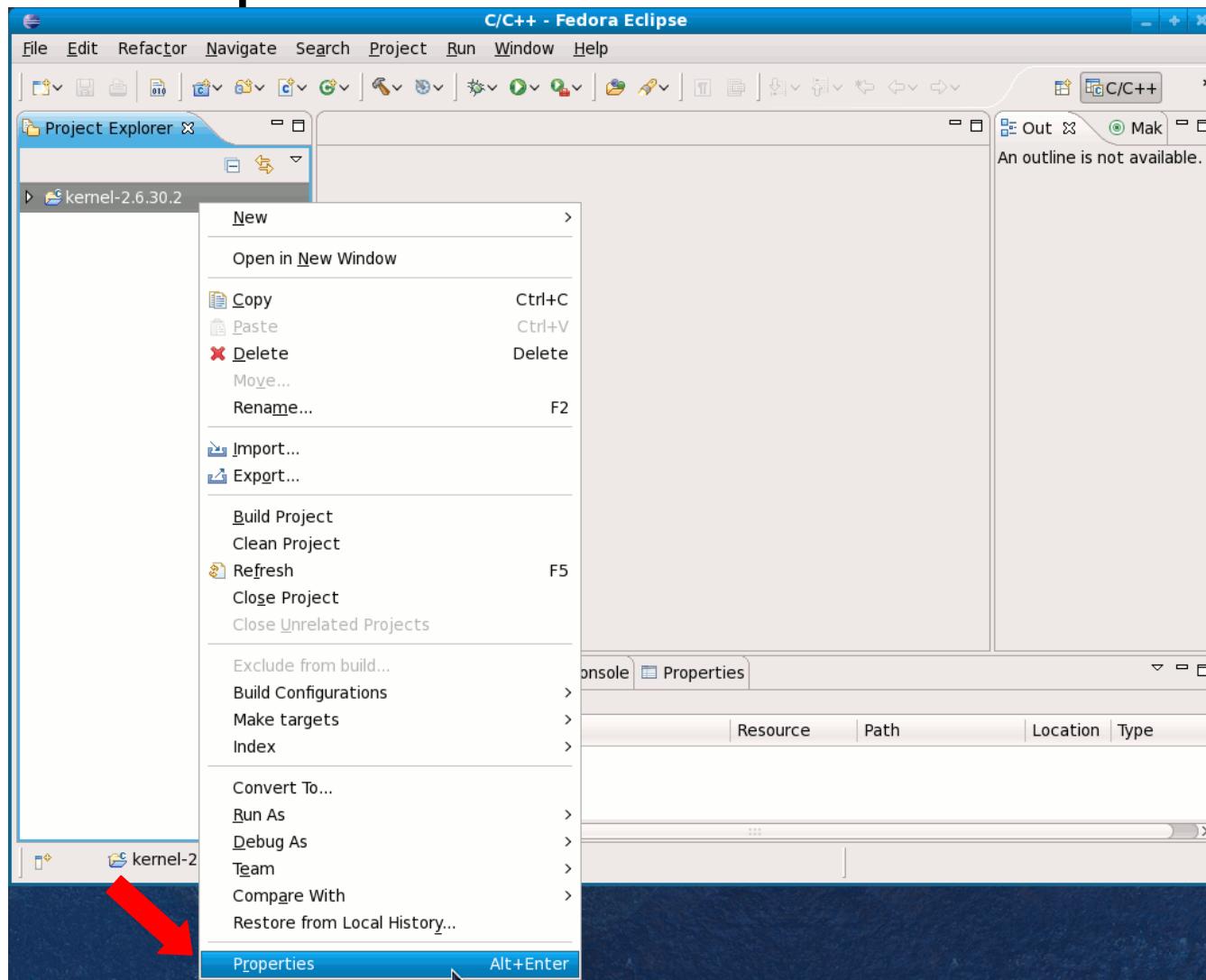
6. New Project

- New Project is created.



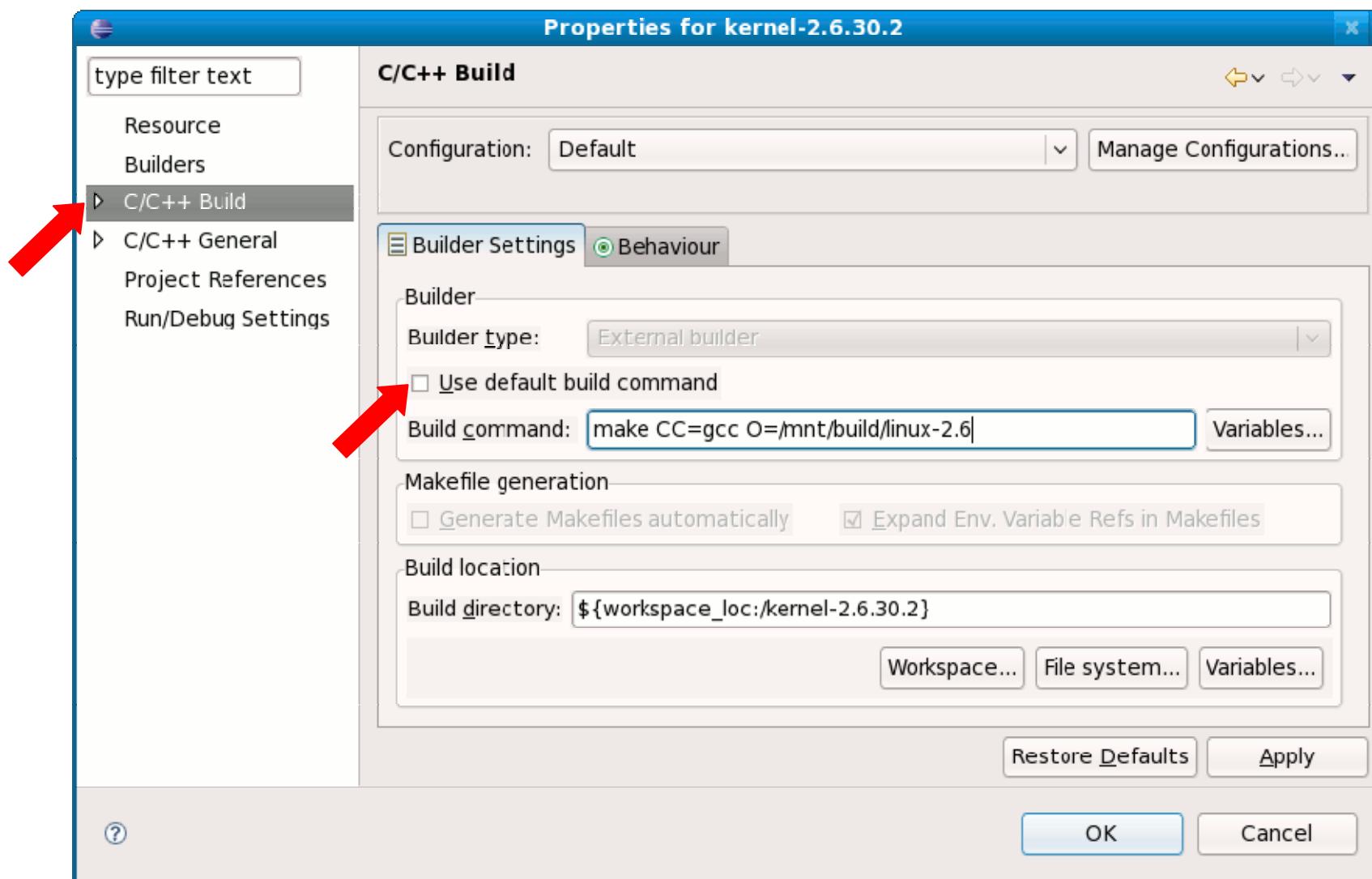
7. Configuring Project

- Click the right button (mouse) on the project.
- Select “Properties”



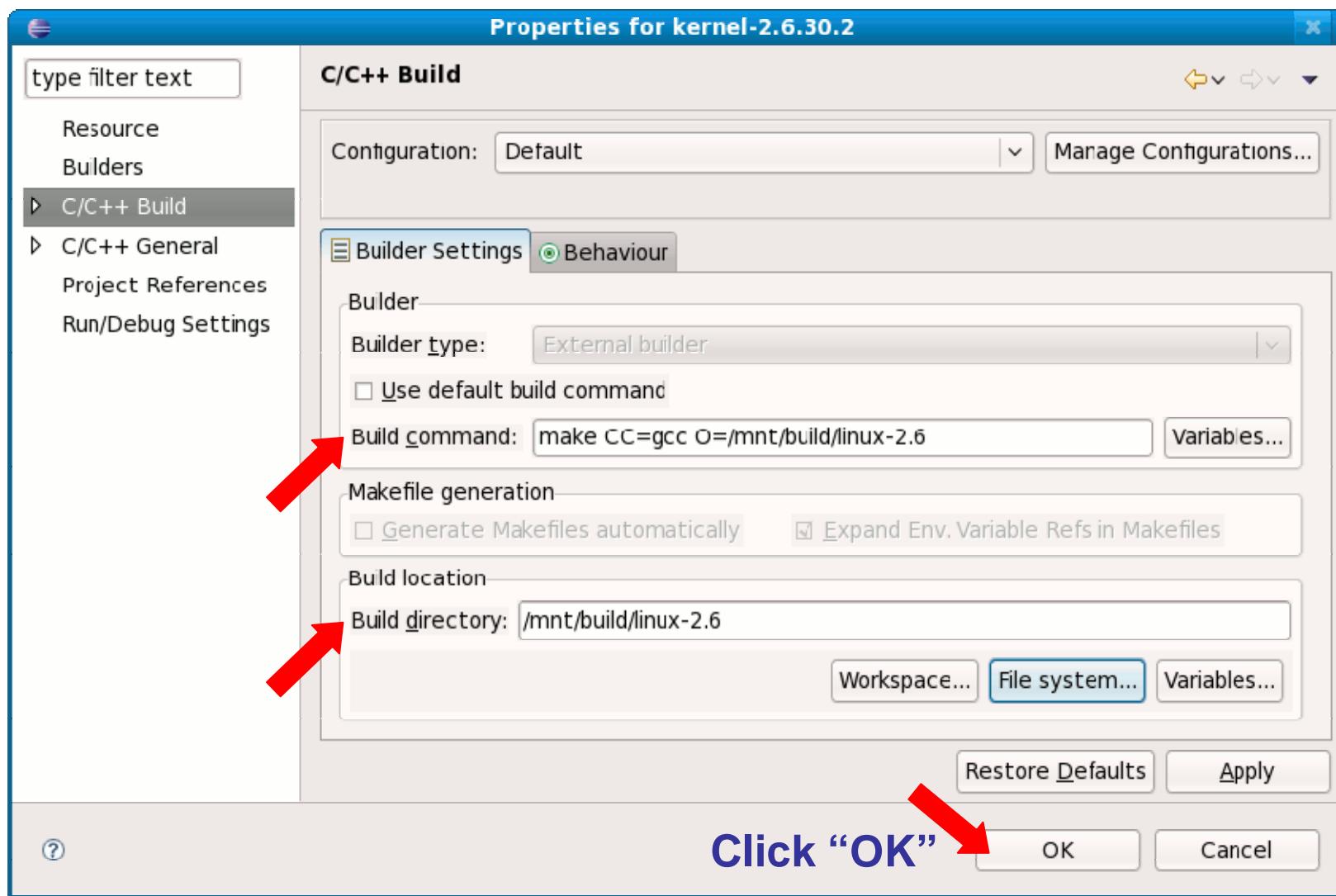
7. Configuring Project

- Select “C/C++ Builders”
- Uncheck “Use default build command”



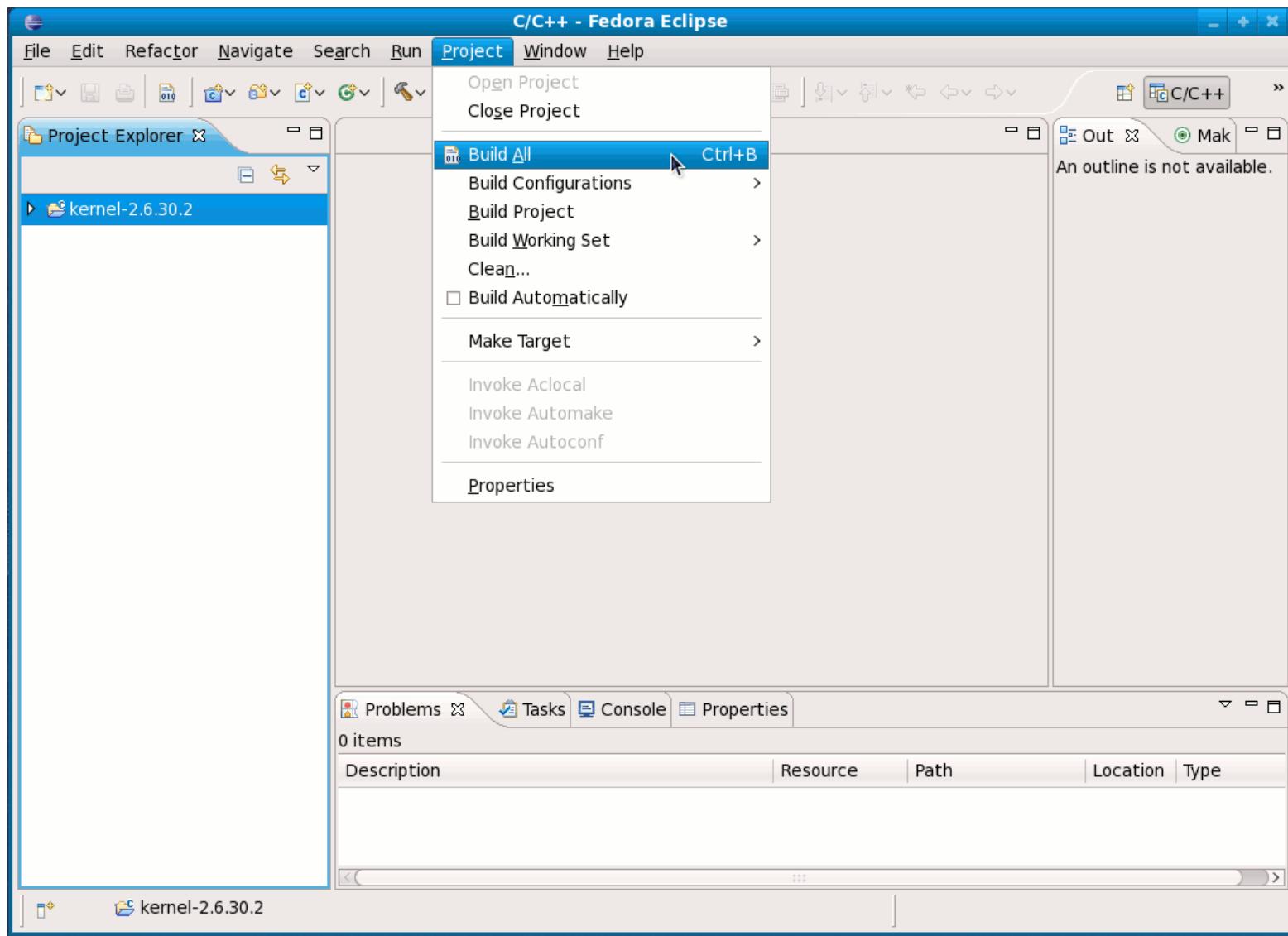
7. Configuring Project

- Enter “make CC=gcc O=/mnt/build/linux-2.6” in “Build command”
- Enter “/mnt/build/linux-2.6” in “Build directory” by “File system..”



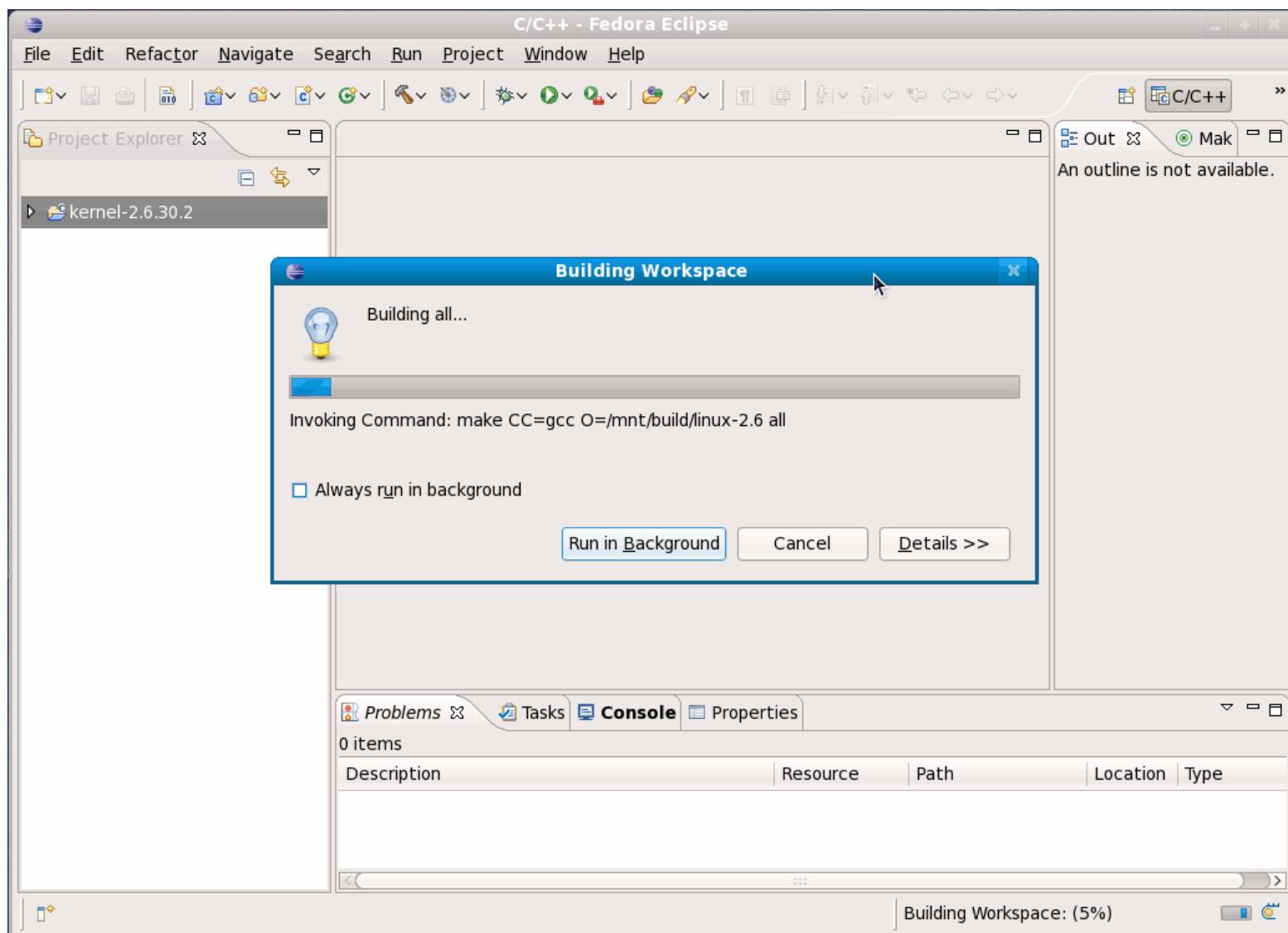
8. Build

- Select “Project→Build all” on the menu



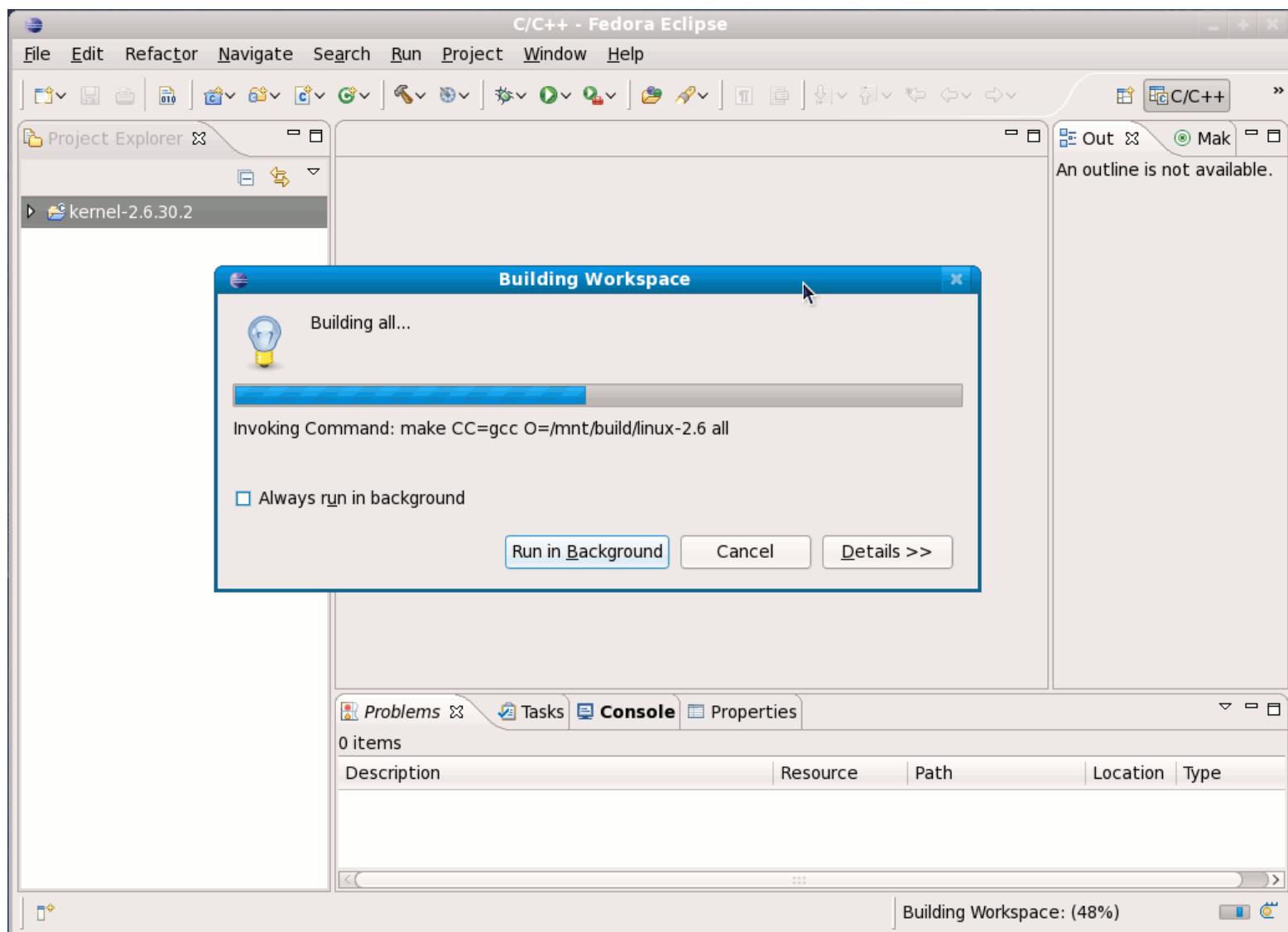
8. Build

- Shows the progress for building kernel



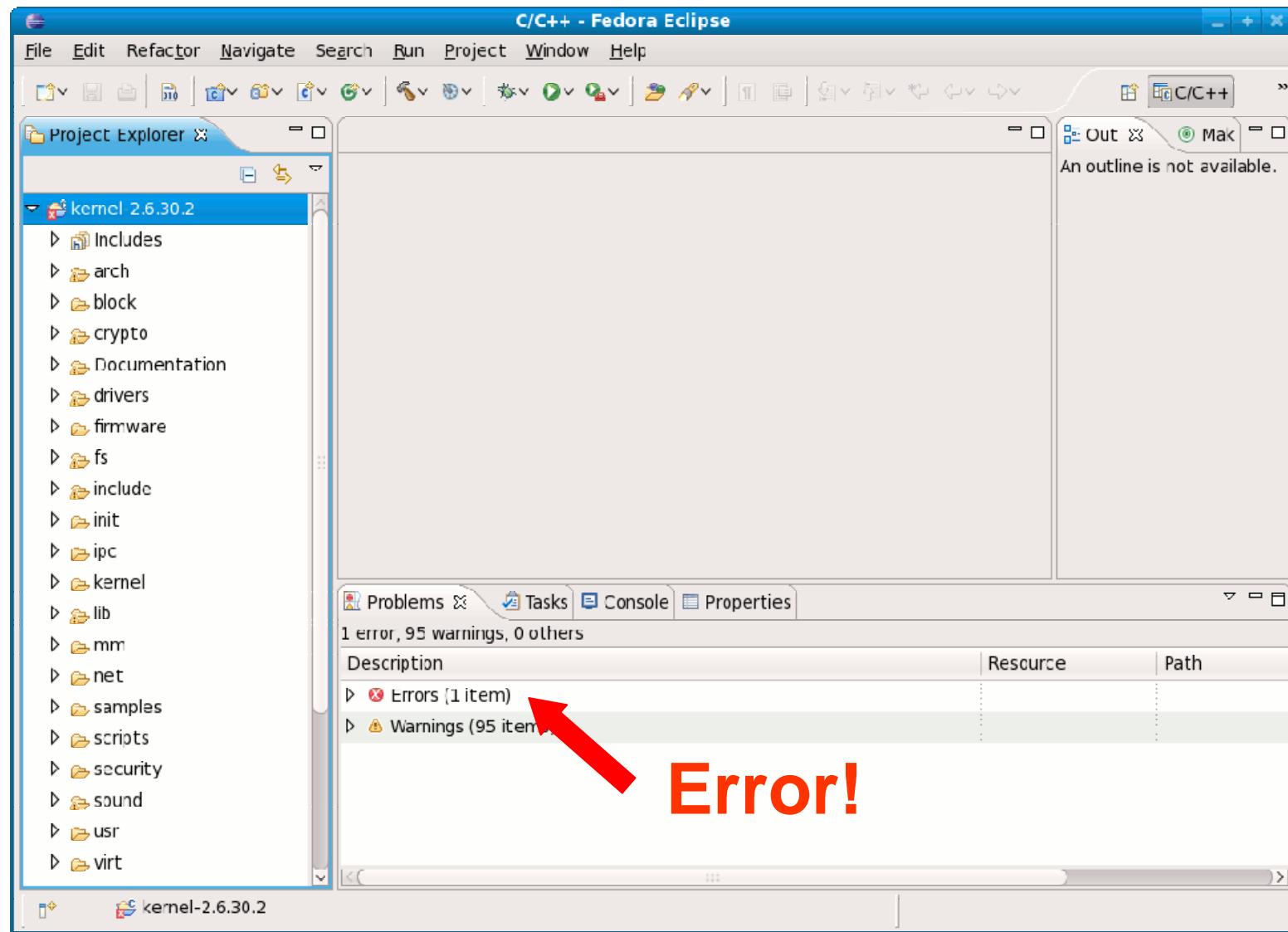
8. Build

- Shows the progress for building kernel



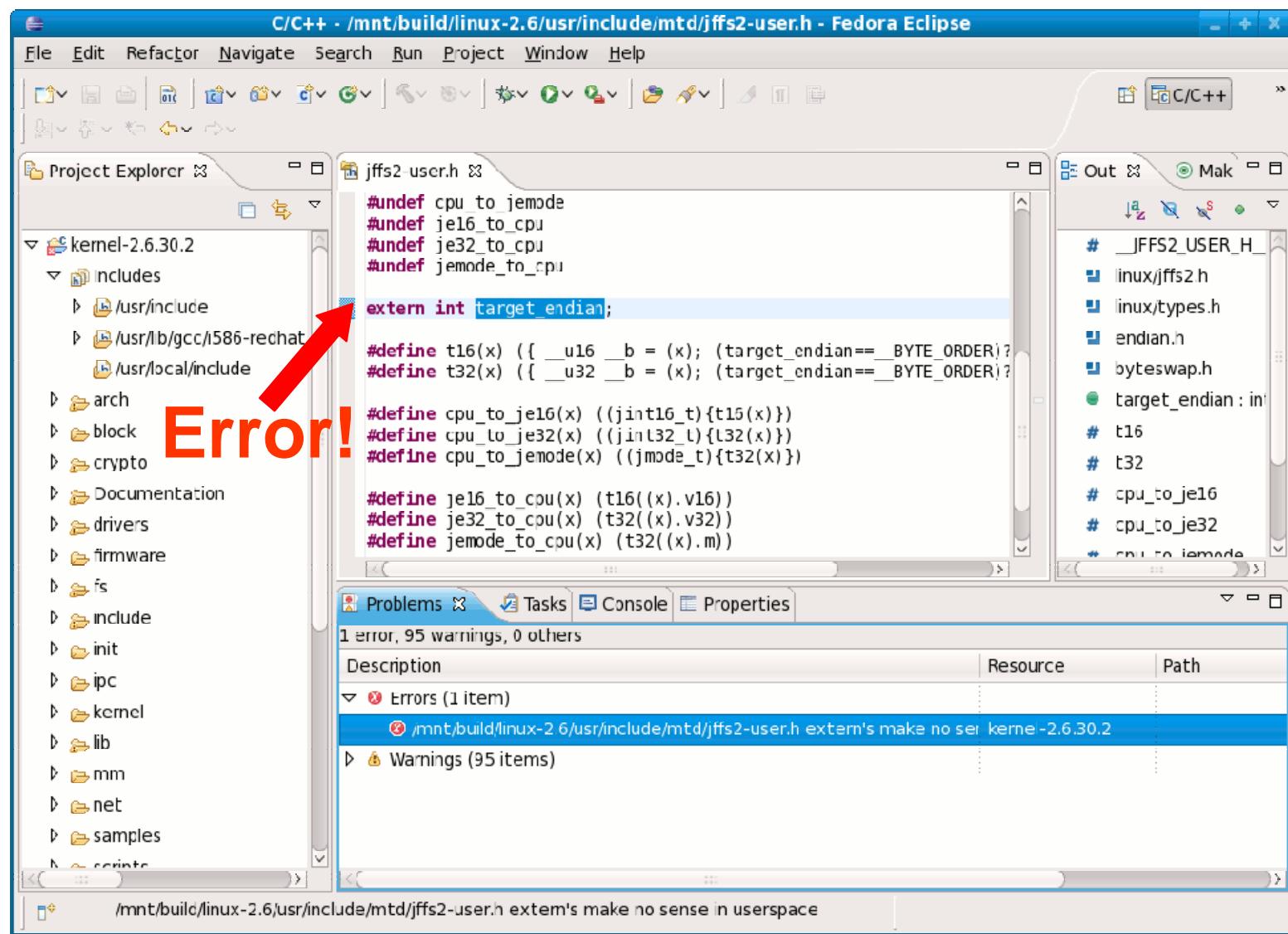
8. Build

- Found an error & Building was stopped.



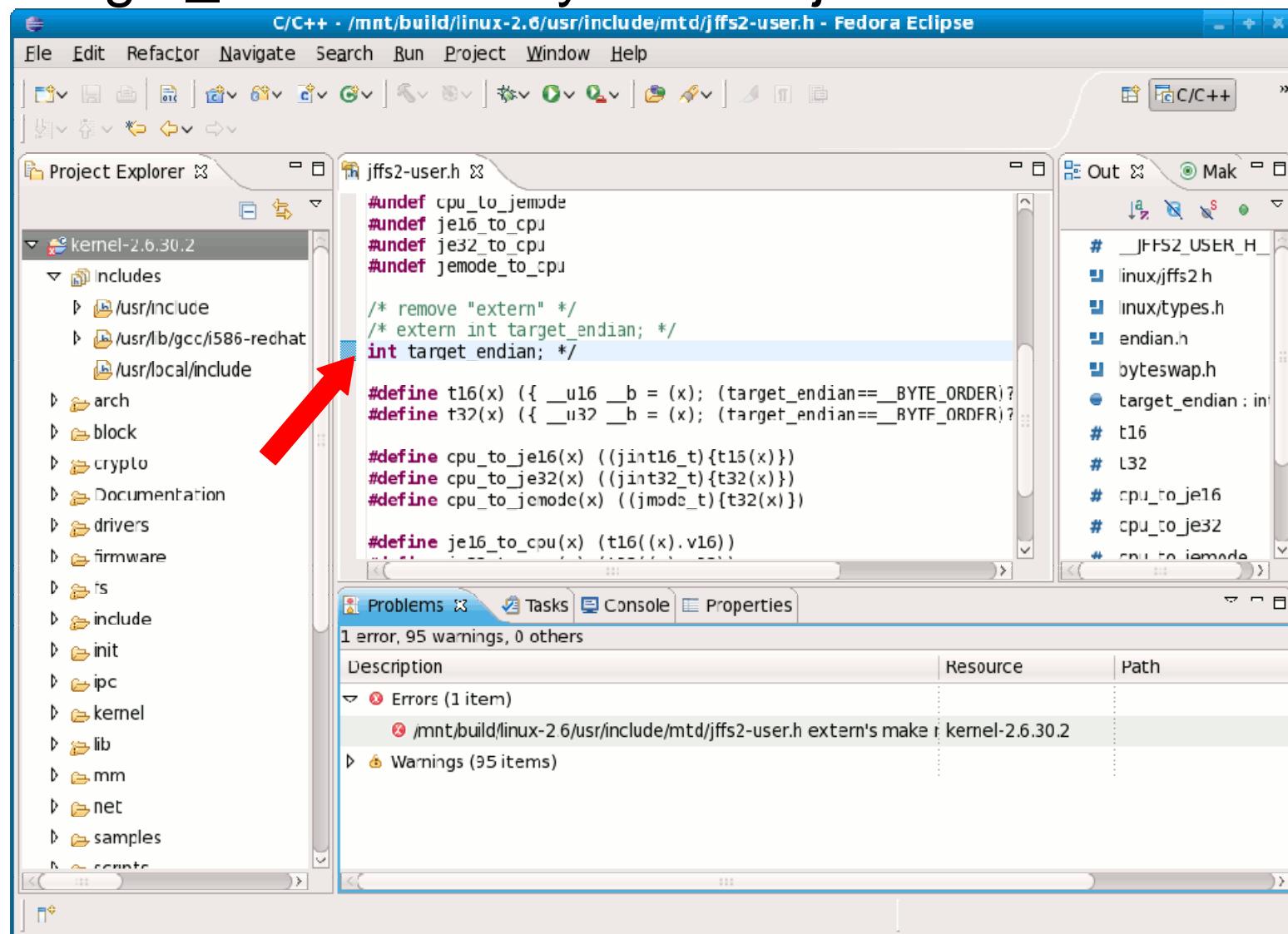
8. Build

- “extern” (jffs2-user.h) caused an error.



8. Build

- Modify jffs2-user.h file: remove “extern”
 - target_endian is only used in jffs2-user.h.



The screenshot shows the Fedora Eclipse C/C++ IDE interface. The title bar reads "C/C++ · /mnt/build/linux-2.6/usr/include/mtd/jffs2-user.h - Fedora Eclipse". The menu bar includes File, Edit, Refactor, Navigate, Search, Run, Project, Window, and Help. The toolbar has various icons for file operations. The left panel is the "Project Explorer" showing the kernel-2.6.30.2 project structure, with a red arrow pointing to the "Includes" folder. The central panel displays the "jffs2-user.h" file content:

```
#undef cpu_lo_jemode
#undef je16_to_cpu
#undef je32_to_cpu
#undef jemode_to_cpu

/* remove "extern" */
/* extern int target_endian; */
int target_endian; /* removed extern */

#define t16(x) ({ __u16 __b = (x); (target_endian==__BYTE_ORDER)? \
#define t32(x) ({ __u32 __b = (x); (target_endian==__BYTF_ORDER)? \
#define cpu_to_je16(x) ((jint16_t){t16(x)}) \
#define cpu_to_je32(x) ((jint32_t){t32(x)}) \
#define cpu_to_jemode(x) ((jemode_t){t32(x)}) \
#define je16_to_cpu(x) (t16((x).v16)) \
#define je32_to_cpu(x) (t32((x).v32)) \
#define jemode_to_cpu(x) (t32((x).v32)) */

The right panel shows the "Out" view with build logs and the "Problems" view which lists 1 error and 95 warnings. The error is: "/mnt/build/linux-2.6/usr/include/mtd/jffs2-user.h: extern's make r kernel-2.6.30.2".
```

8. Build

- Rebuild with “Project→ Build all” & created a bzImage
- Kernel: arch/x86/boot/bzImage is ready (#1)

The screenshot shows the Fedora Eclipse C/C++ IDE interface. The Project Explorer view on the left contains a single project named "kernel 2.6.30.2". The central workspace is empty. The bottom-right pane, titled "Console", displays the build log for "C-Build [kernel-2.6.30.2]". A red arrow points to the final line of the log:

```
Kernel: arch/x86/boot/bzImage is ready (#1)
```

The status bar at the bottom indicates the current project is "kernel-2.6.30.2".

9. QEMU Installation

- Install QEMU & Supporting software
- From Fedora 11 CD/DVD, install in order (or yum):
 - qemu-common-0.10-16.fc11.i586.rpm
 - qemu-img-0.10-16.fc11.i586.rpm
 - bochs-bios-2.3.8-0.6.git04387139e3b.fc11.noarch.rpm
 - etherboot-zroms-kvm-5.4.4-13.fc11.noarch.rpm
 - vgabios-0.6-0.5.b.fc11.noarch.rpm
 - qemu-system-x86-0.10-16.fc11.i586.rpm
 - qemu-kvm-0.10-16.fc11.i586.rpm (*optional*)
- Note: If you already installed, skip this.

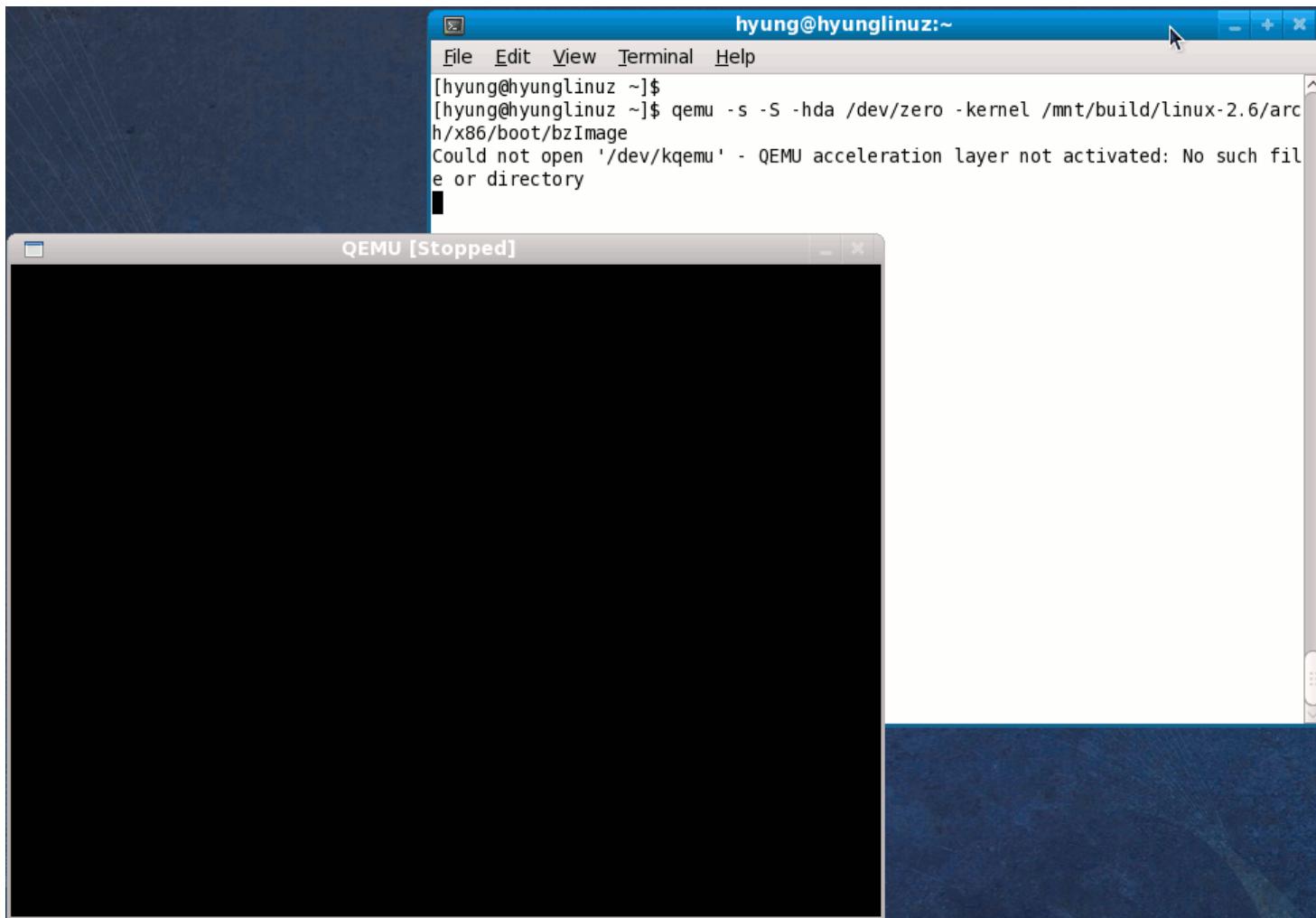
10. First Run QEMU

- In a terminal/shell

```
$ qemu -s -S -hda /dev/zero -kernel  
/mnt/build/linux-2.6/arch/x86/boot/bzImage
```

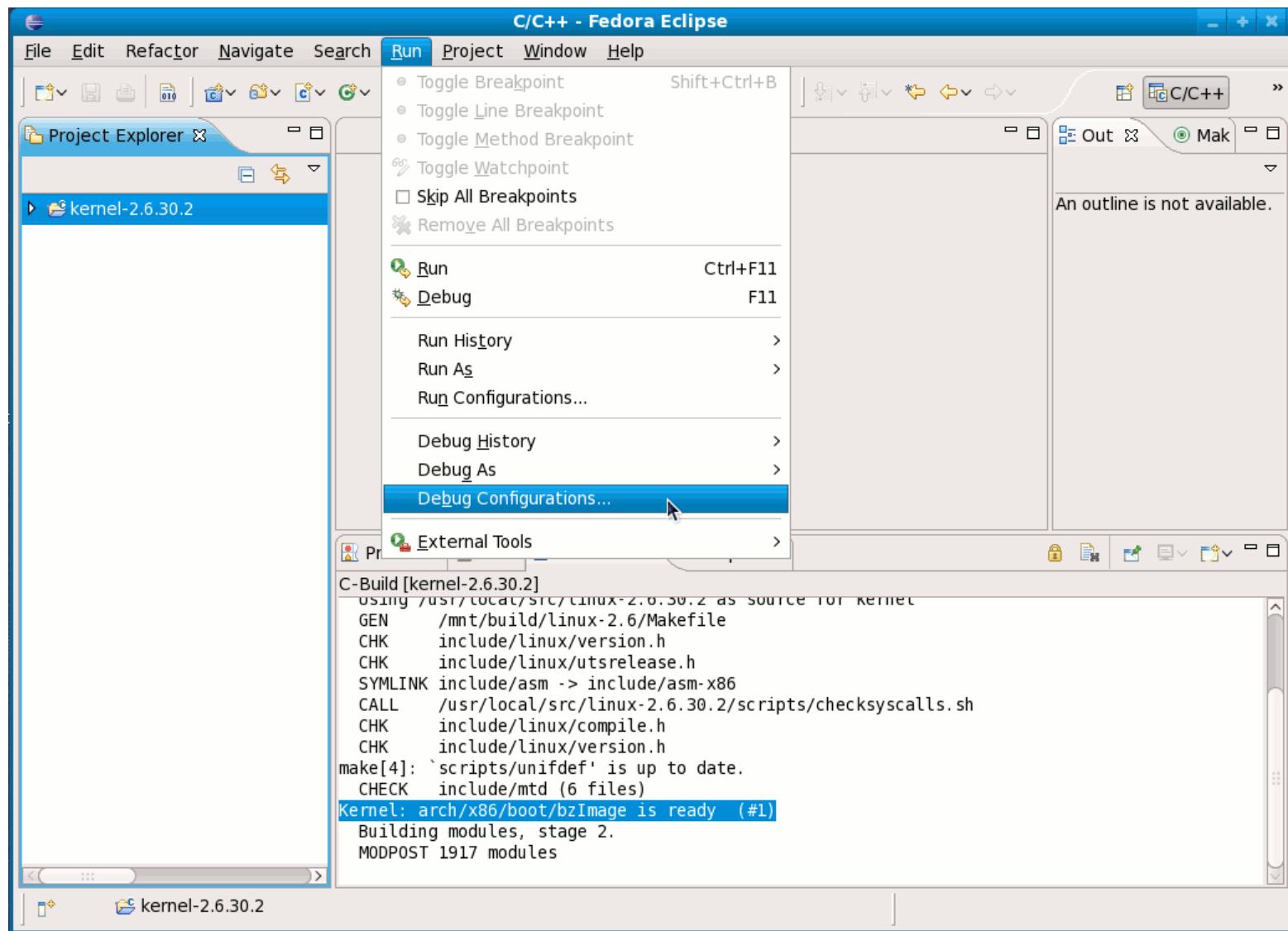
10. First Run QEMU

- Shows empty (blank) screen
 - Leave this QEMU screen



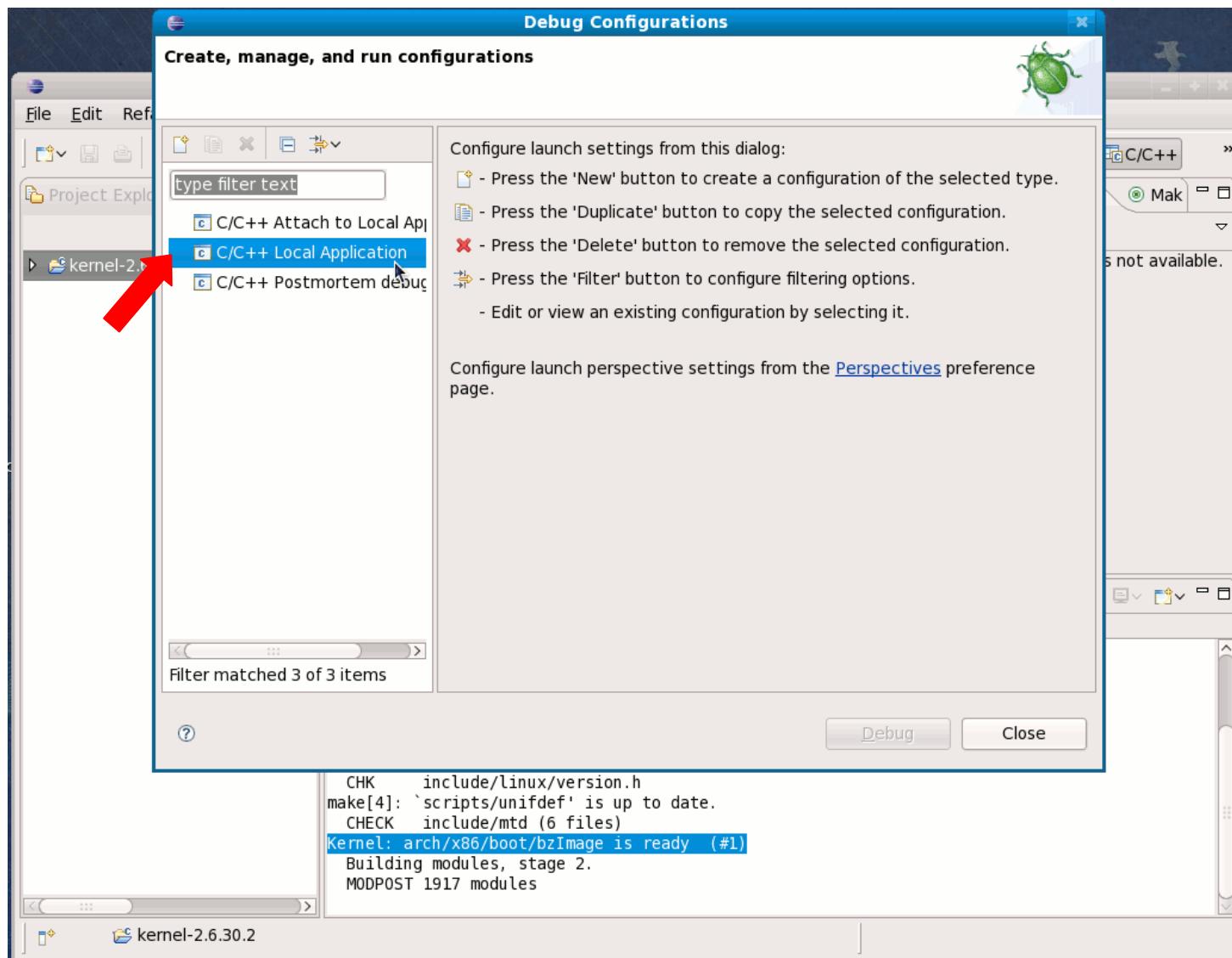
11. Eclipse Debug Configurations

- “Run → Debug Configurations..”



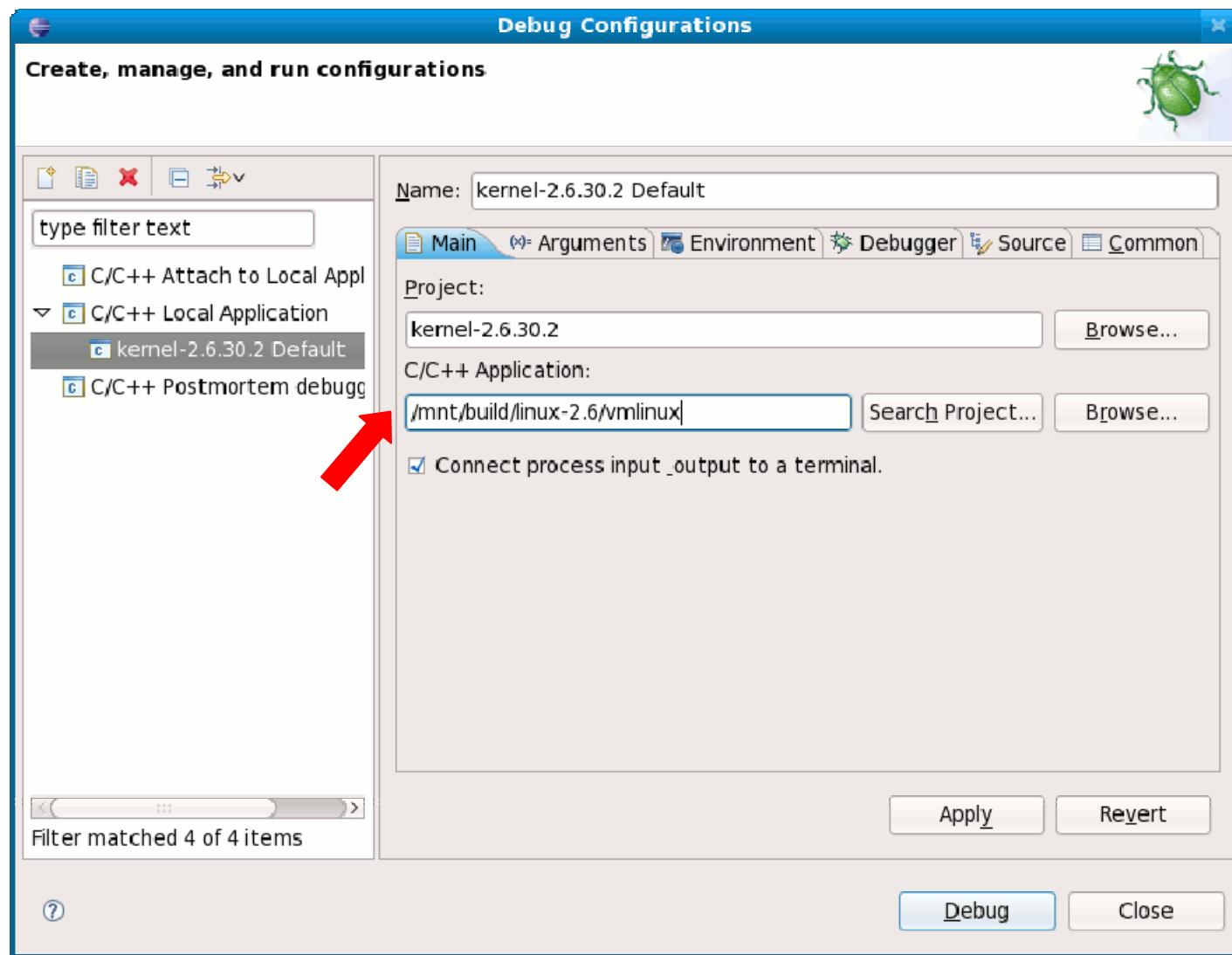
11. Eclipse Debug Configurations

- Double click “C/C++ Local Application”



11. Eclipse Debug Configurations

- Put “/mnt/build/linux-2.6/vmlinux” in “C/C++ Application”



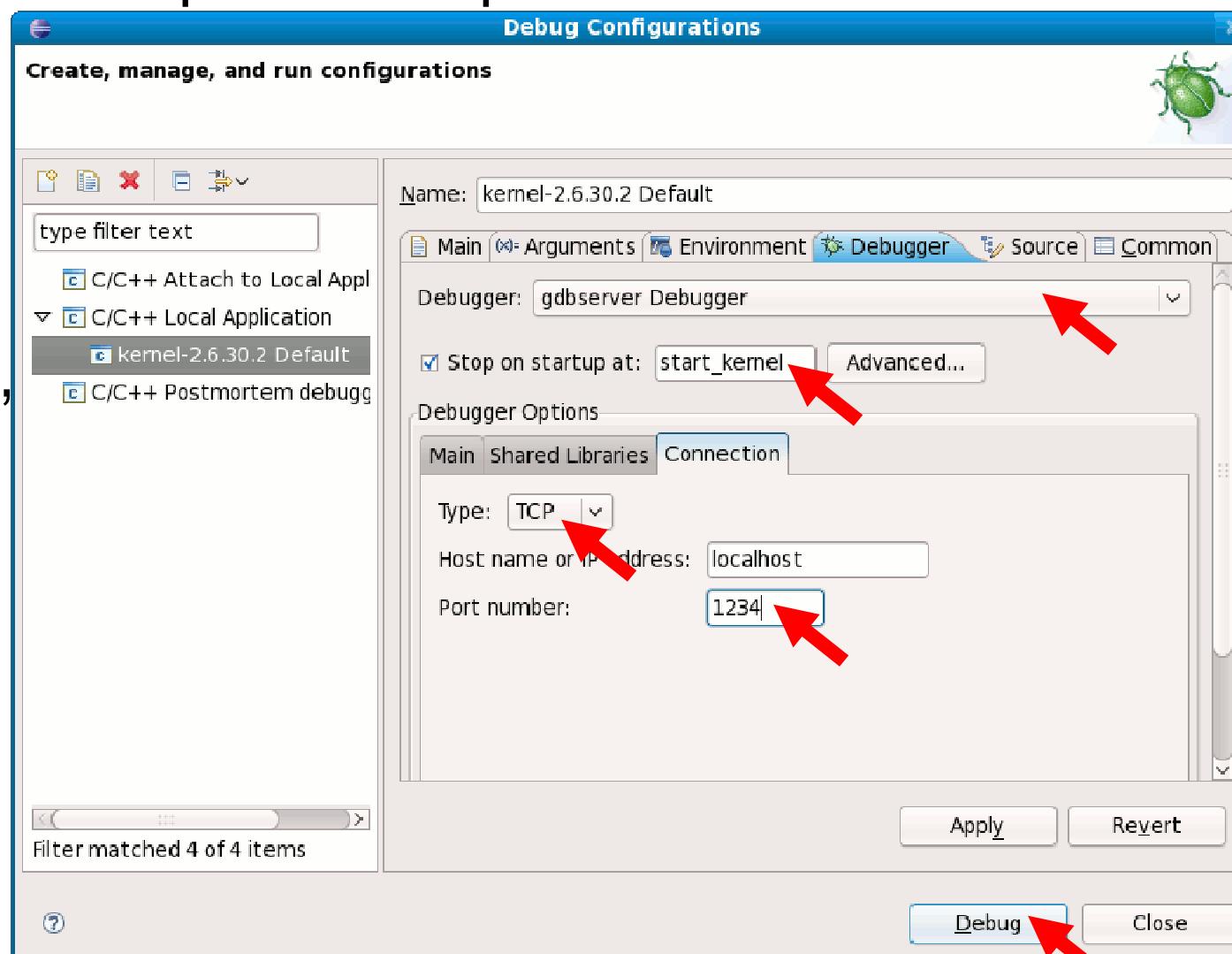
11. Eclipse Debug Configurations

- In “Debugger” tab
 - “gdbserver Debugger” in “Debugger:”
 - “start_kernel” in “Stop on startup at:”

- “Connection”

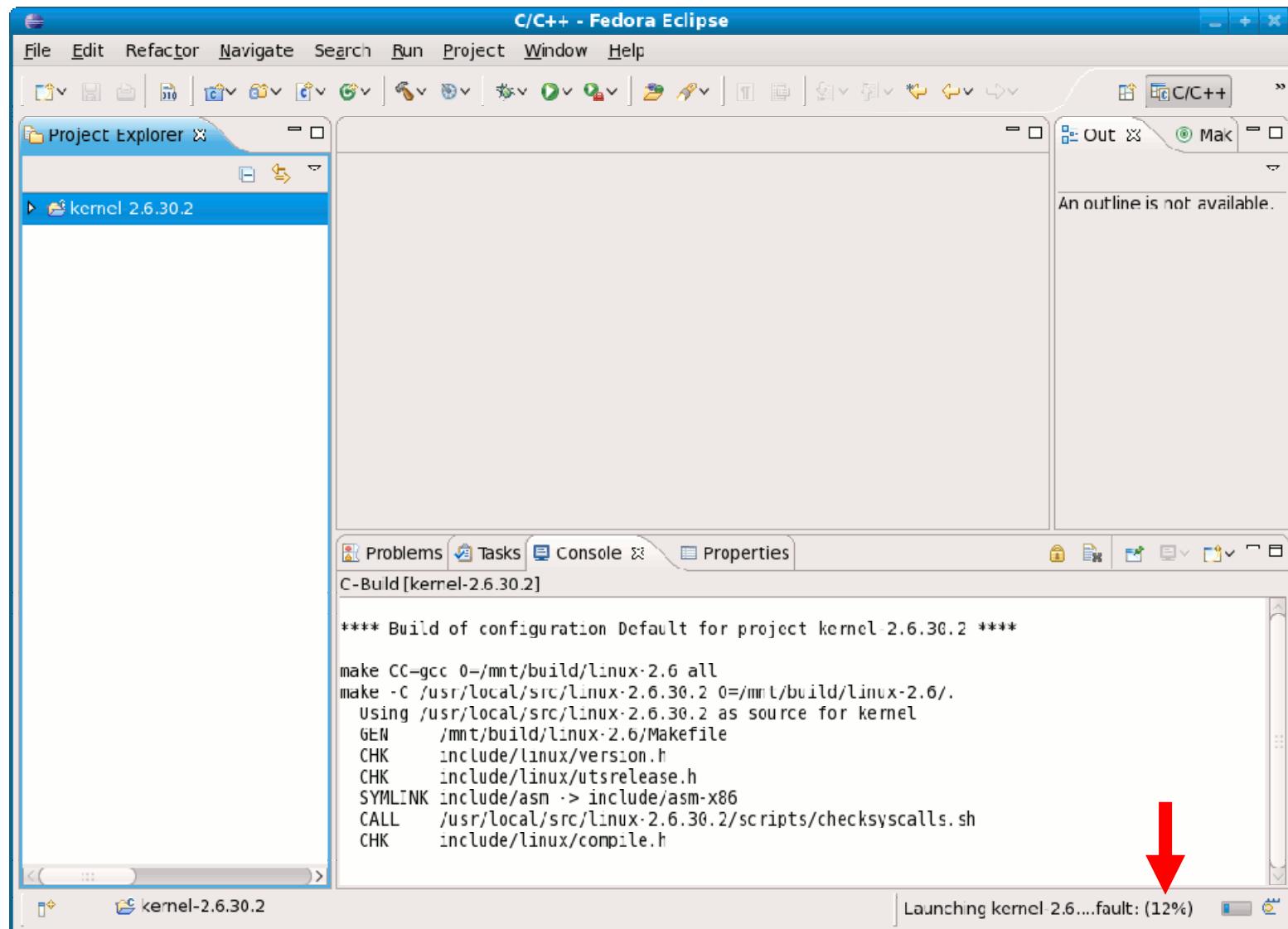
- Select “TCP” in “Type:” list
 - Put “1234” in “Port number”

- Click “Debug”



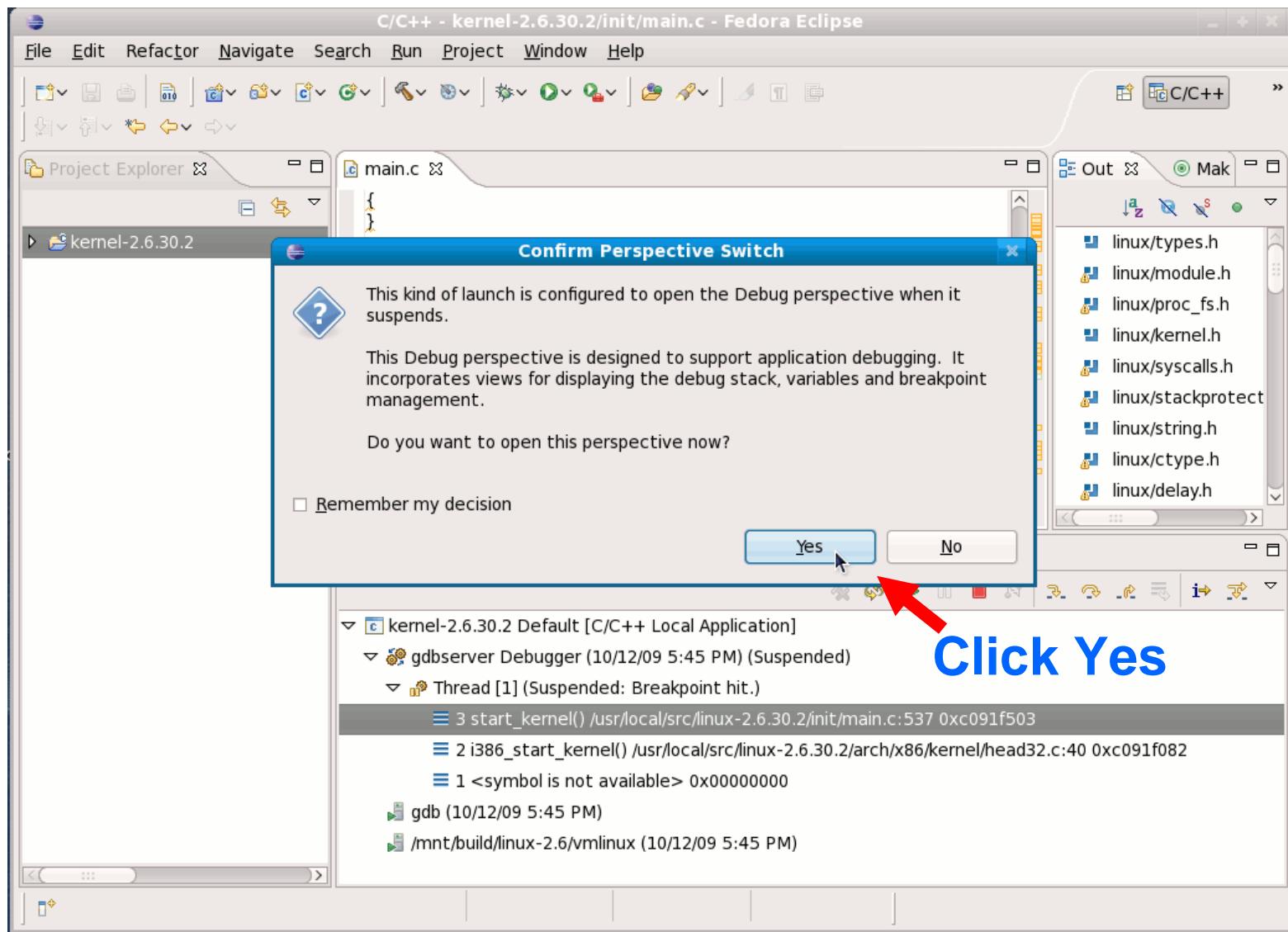
11. Eclipse Debug Configurations

- Eclipse compiles and links in progress



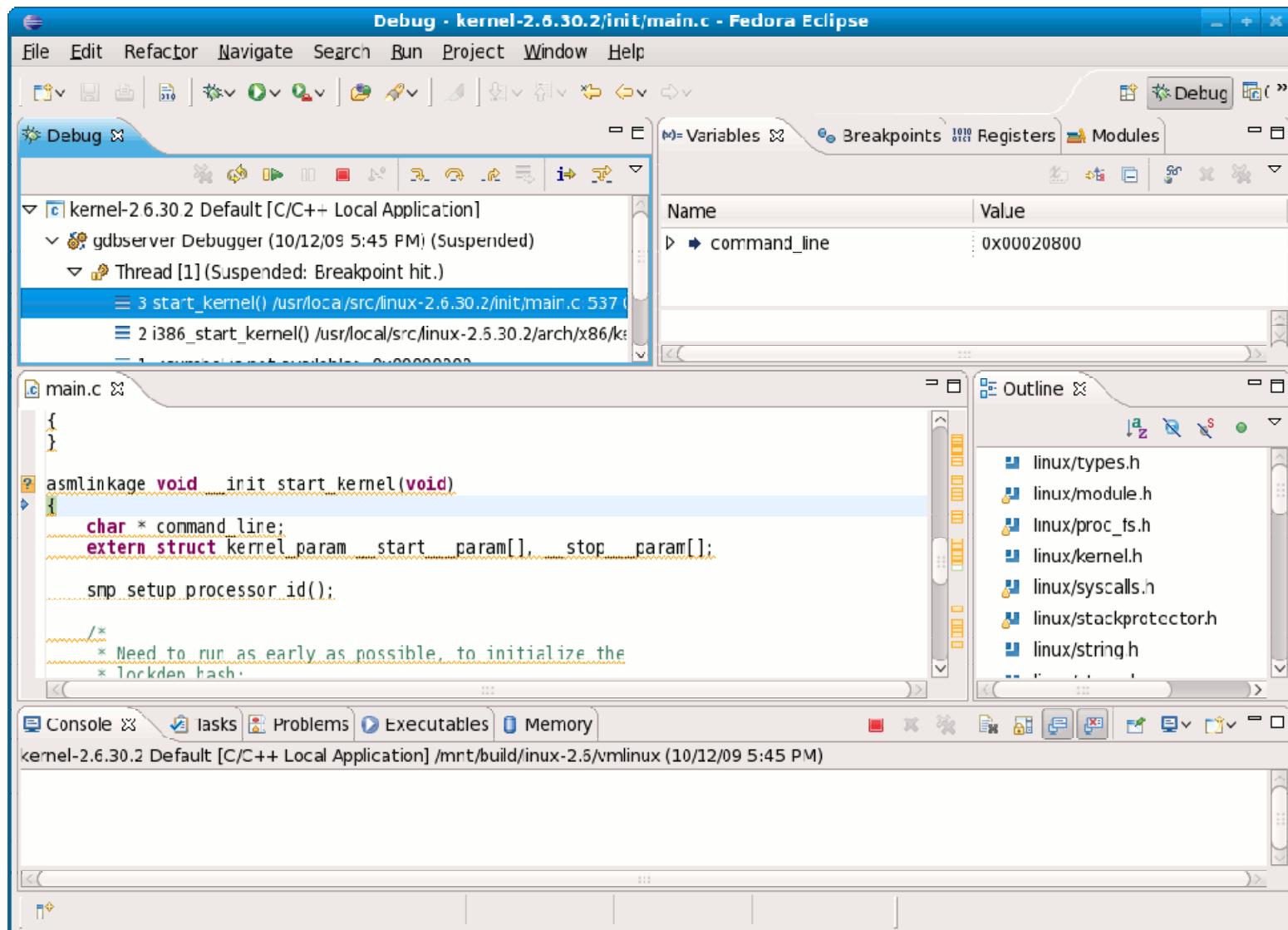
11. Eclipse Debug Configurations

- After a while, it opens “Confirm Perspective Switch”



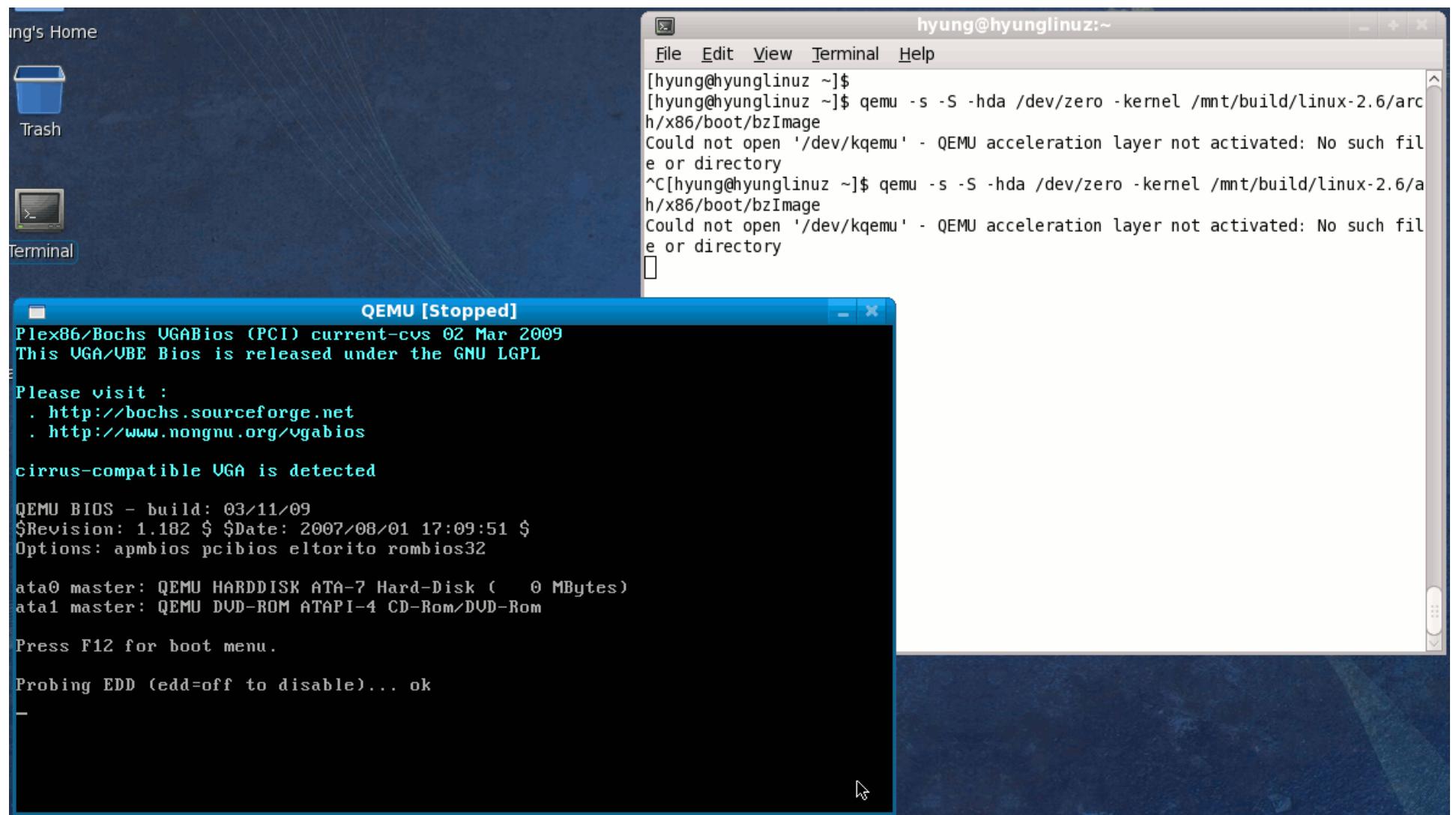
11. Eclipse Debug Configurations

- Shows the changed perspective



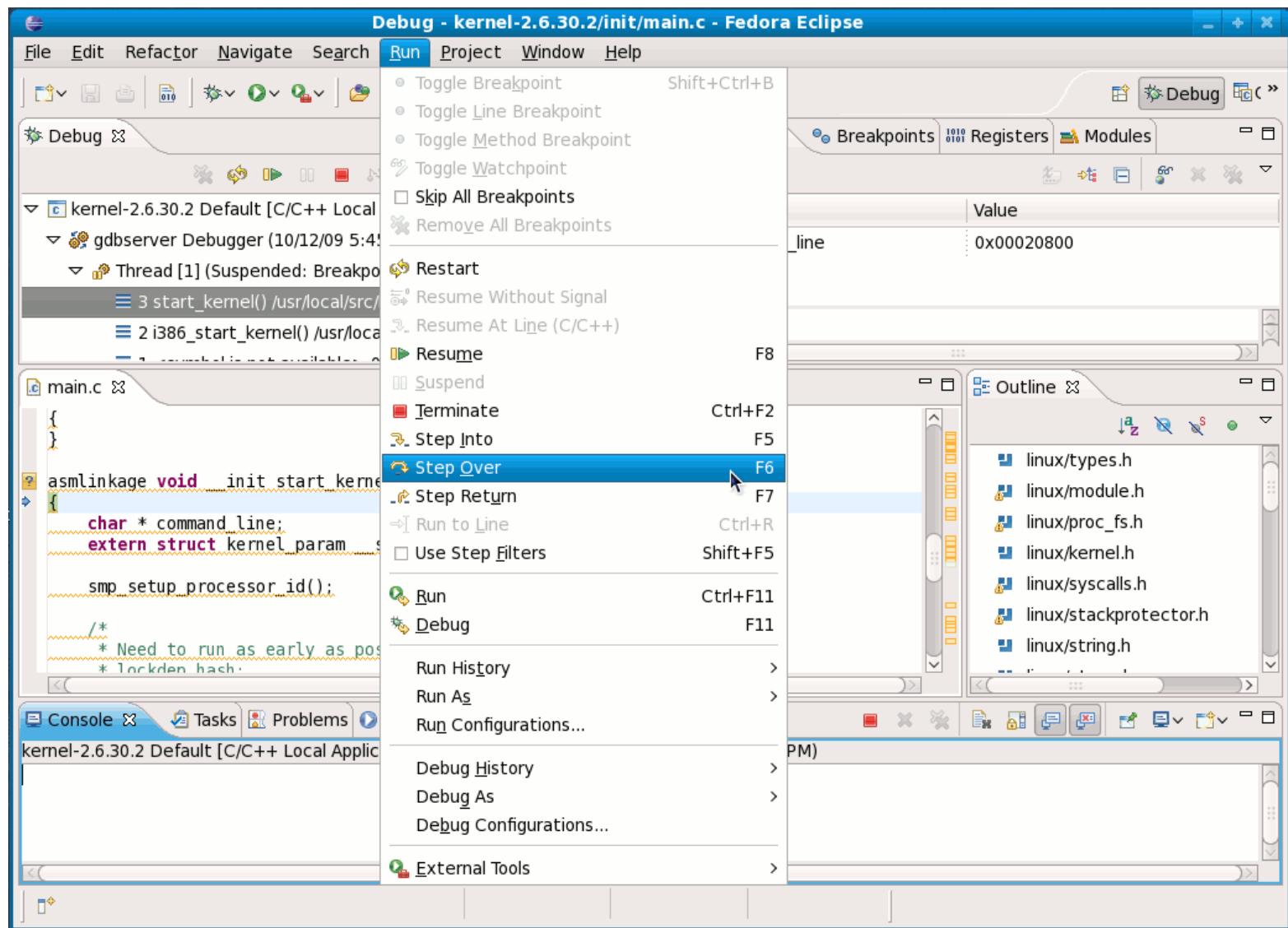
12. Back to QEMU screen

- Shows *some* outputs.



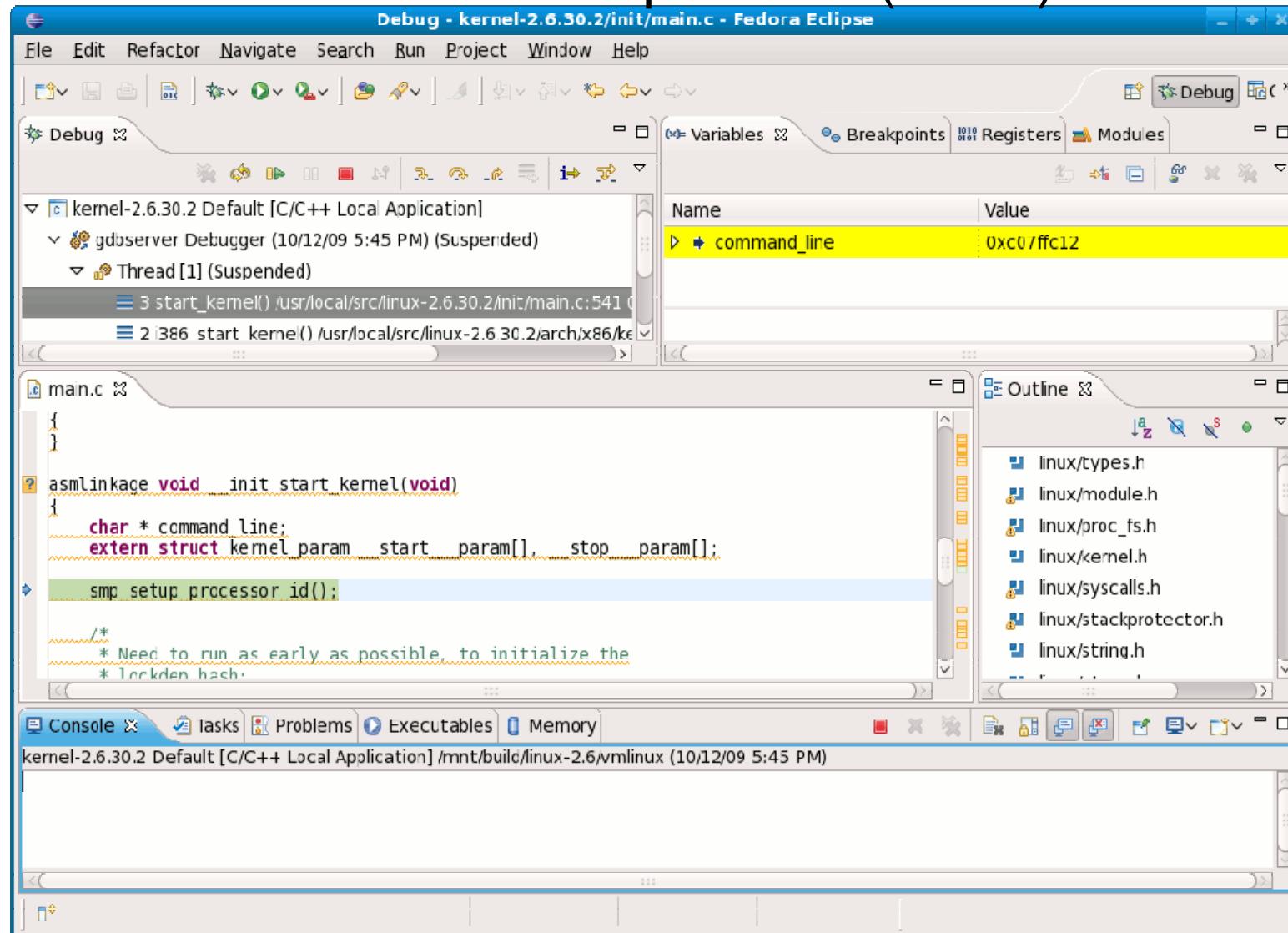
13. Line-by-line run in Eclipse

- In Eclipse, “Run → Step over” (or F6)



13. Line-by-line run in Eclipse

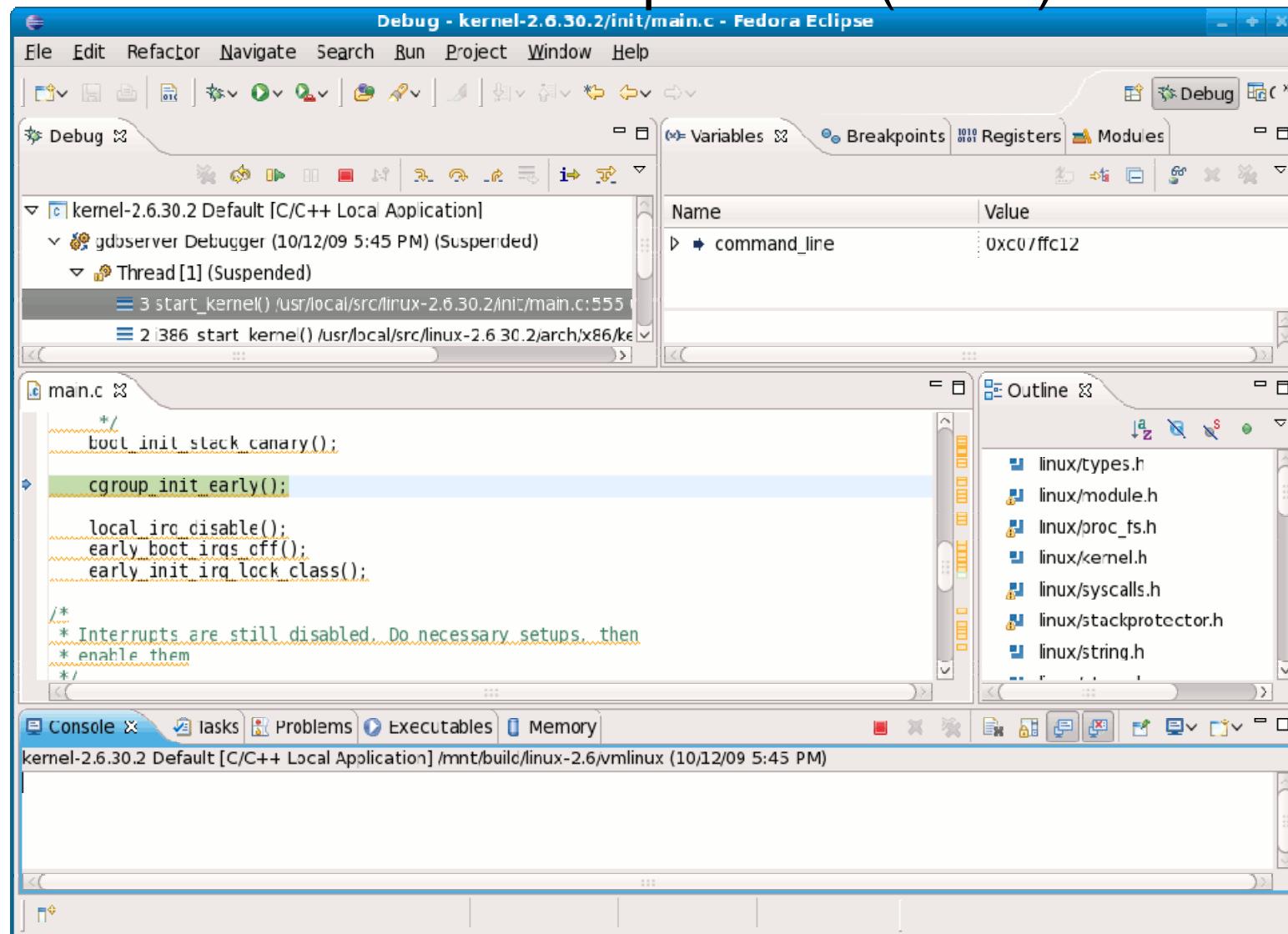
- In Eclipse, “Run→ Step over” (or F6)
 - Several “Run→ Step over”s (or F6)



Outputs on
QEMU screen

13. Line-by-line run in Eclipse

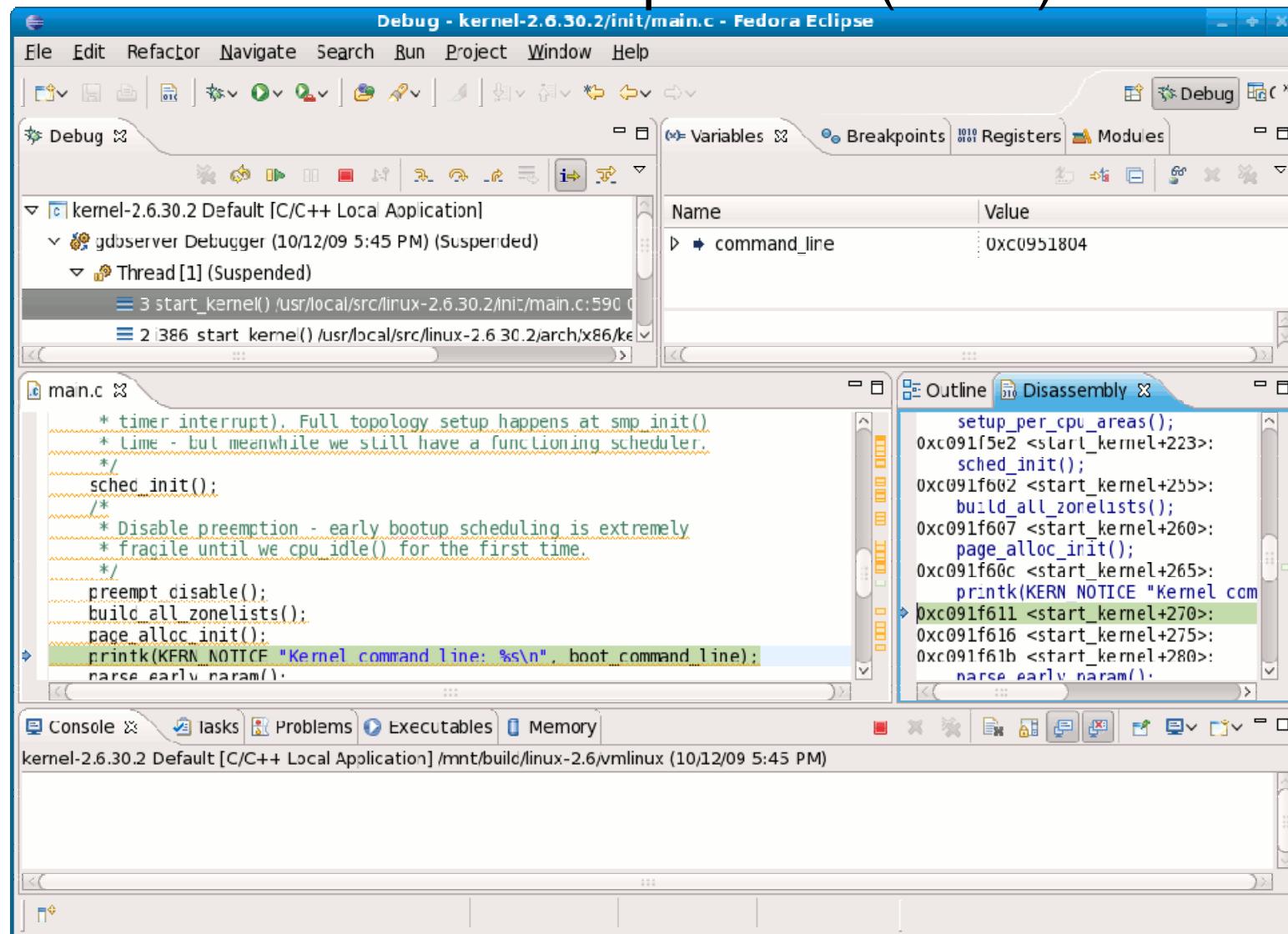
- In Eclipse, “Run→ Step over” (or F6)
 - Several “Run→ Step over”s (or F6)



Outputs on
QEMU screen

13. Line-by-line run in Eclipse

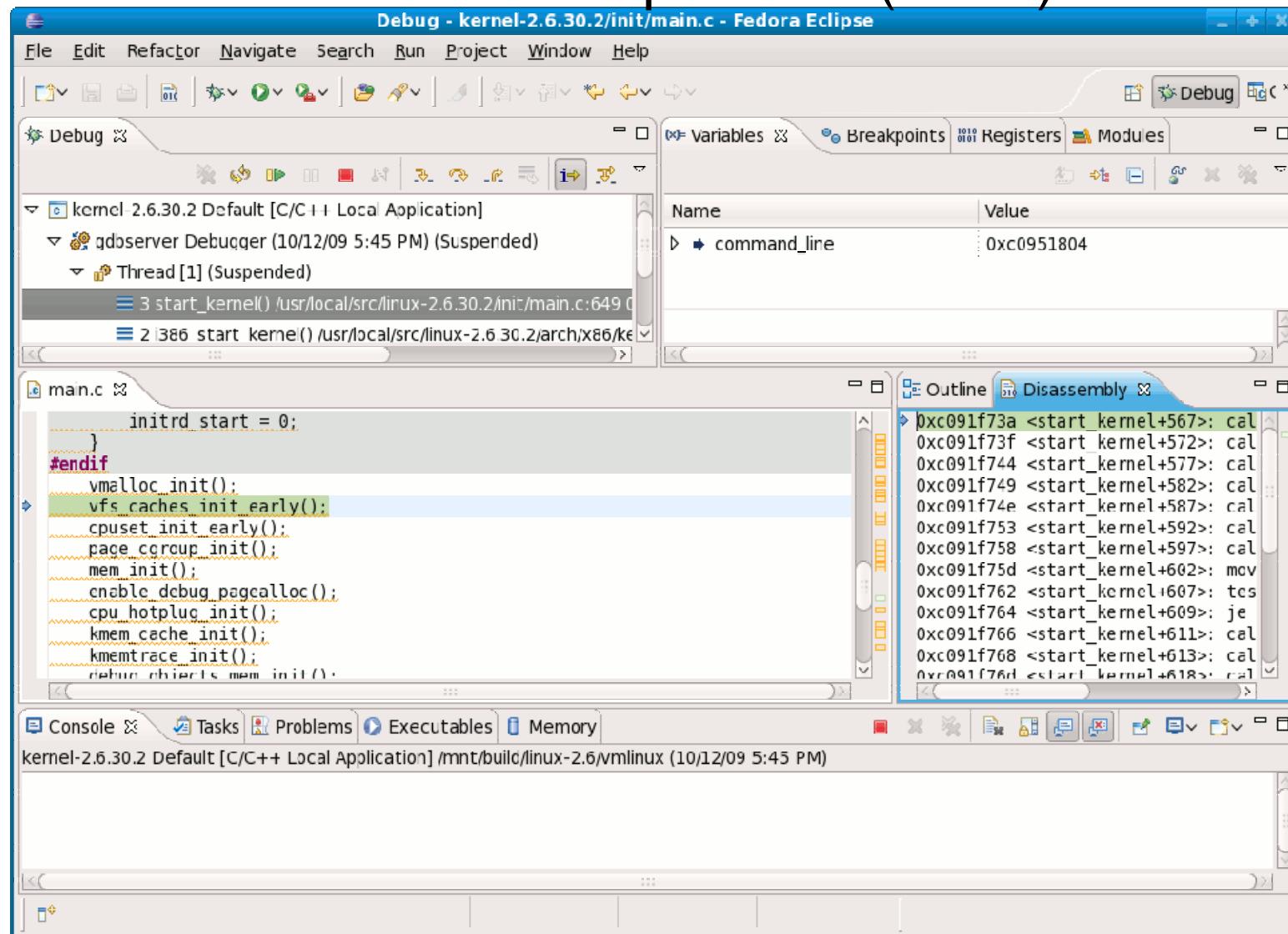
- In Eclipse, “Run→ Step over” (or F6)
 - Several “Run→ Step over”s (or F6)



Outputs on
QEMU screen

13. Line-by-line run in Eclipse

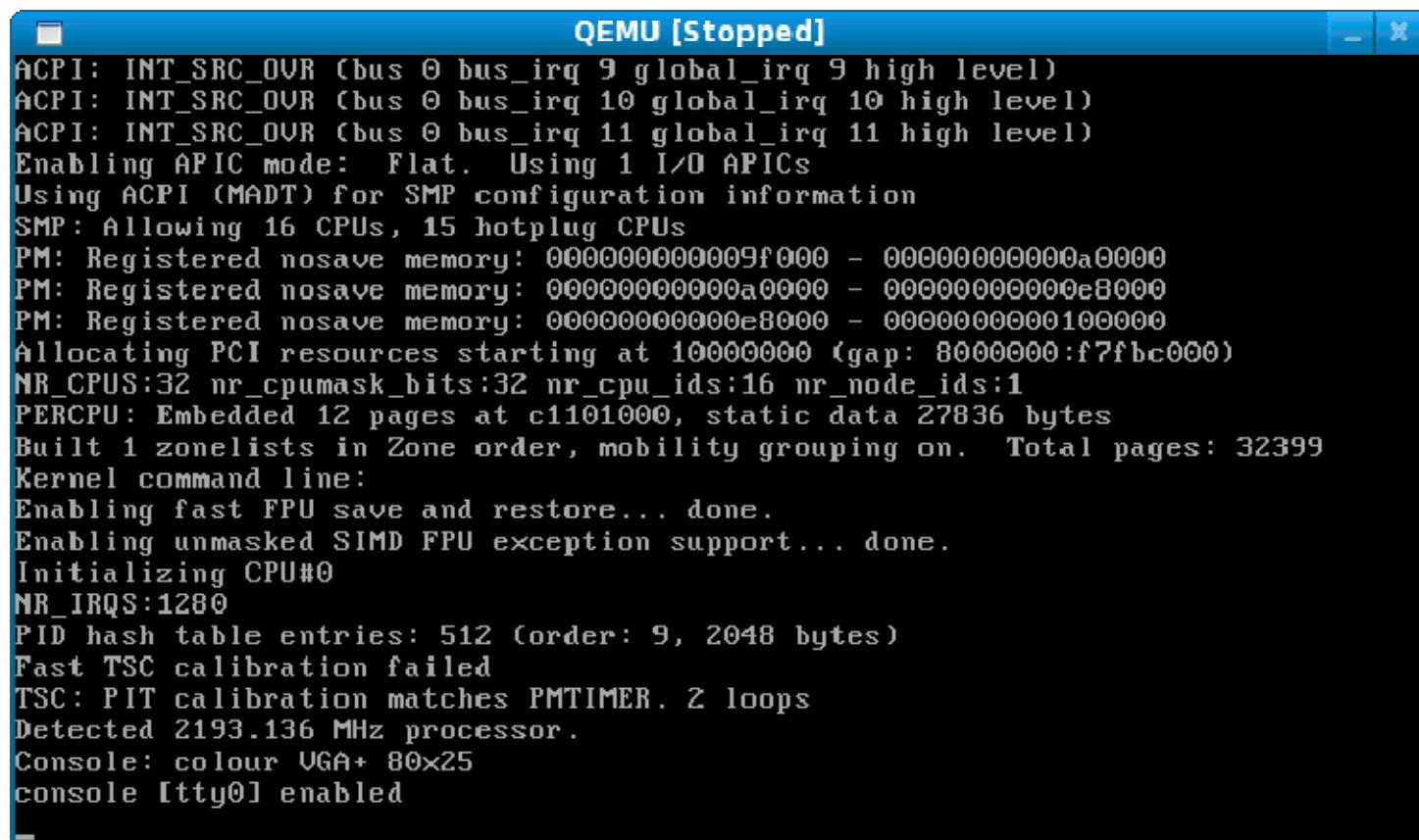
- In Eclipse, “Run→ Step over” (or F6)
 - Several “Run→ Step over”s (or F6)



Outputs on
QEMU screen

13. Line-by-line run in Eclipse

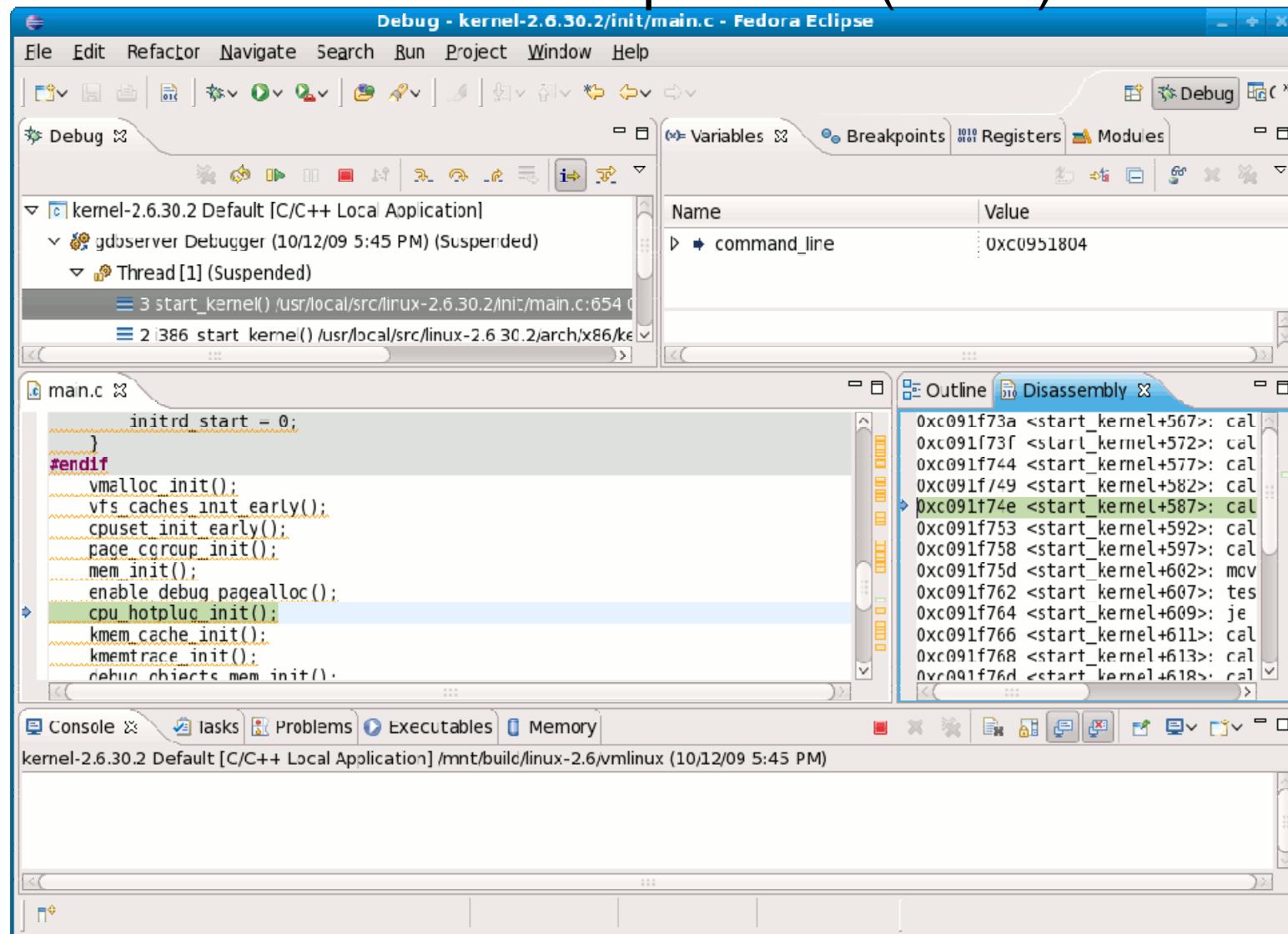
- In Eclipse, “Run→ Step over” (or F6)
 - Several “Run→ Step over”s (or F6)



```
QEMU [Stopped]
ACPI: INT_SRC_OVR (bus 0 bus_irq 9 global_irq 9 high level)
ACPI: INT_SRC_OVR (bus 0 bus_irq 10 global_irq 10 high level)
ACPI: INT_SRC_OVR (bus 0 bus_irq 11 global_irq 11 high level)
Enabling APIC mode: Flat. Using 1 I/O APICs
Using ACPI (MADT) for SMP configuration information
SMP: Allowing 16 CPUs, 15 hotplug CPUs
PM: Registered nosave memory: 000000000009f000 - 00000000000a0000
PM: Registered nosave memory: 00000000000a0000 - 00000000000e8000
PM: Registered nosave memory: 00000000000e8000 - 0000000000100000
Allocating PCI resources starting at 10000000 (gap: 8000000:f7fb0000)
NR_CPUS:32 nr_cpumask_bits:32 nr_cpu_ids:16 nr_node_ids:1
PERCPU: Embedded 12 pages at c1101000, static data 27836 bytes
Built 1 zonelists in Zone order, mobility grouping on. Total pages: 32399
Kernel command line:
Enabling fast FPU save and restore... done.
Enabling unmasked SIMD FPU exception support... done.
Initializing CPU#0
NR_IRQS:1280
PID hash table entries: 512 (order: 9, 2048 bytes)
Fast TSC calibration failed
TSC: PIT calibration matches PMTIMER. 2 loops
Detected 2193.136 MHz processor.
Console: colour VGA+ 80x25
console [tty0] enabled
```

13. Line-by-line run in Eclipse

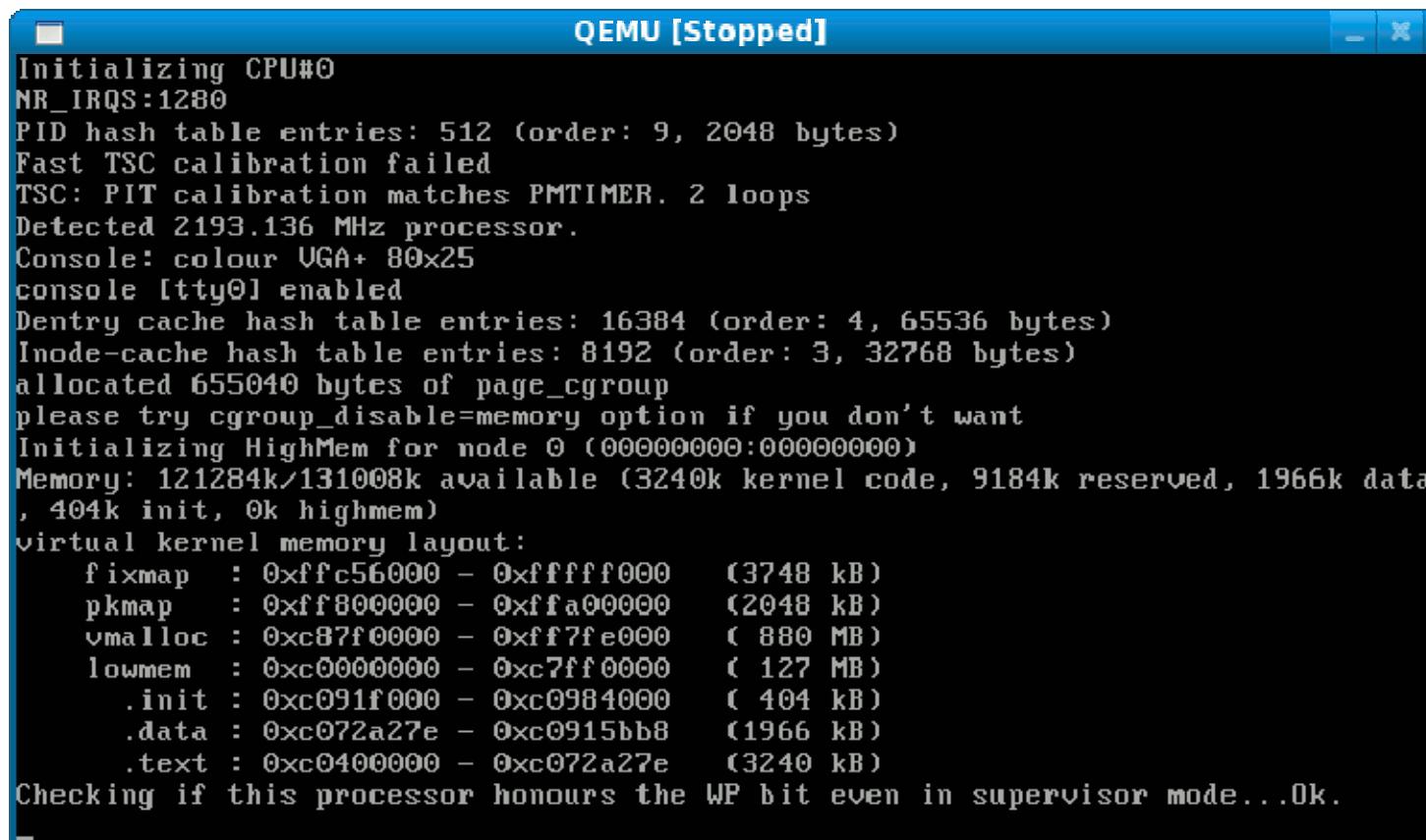
- In Eclipse, “Run→ Step over” (or F6)
 - Several “Run→ Step over”s (or F6)



Outputs on
QEMU screen

13. Line-by-line run in Eclipse

- In Eclipse, “Run→ Step over” (or F6)
 - Several “Run→ Step over”s (or F6)

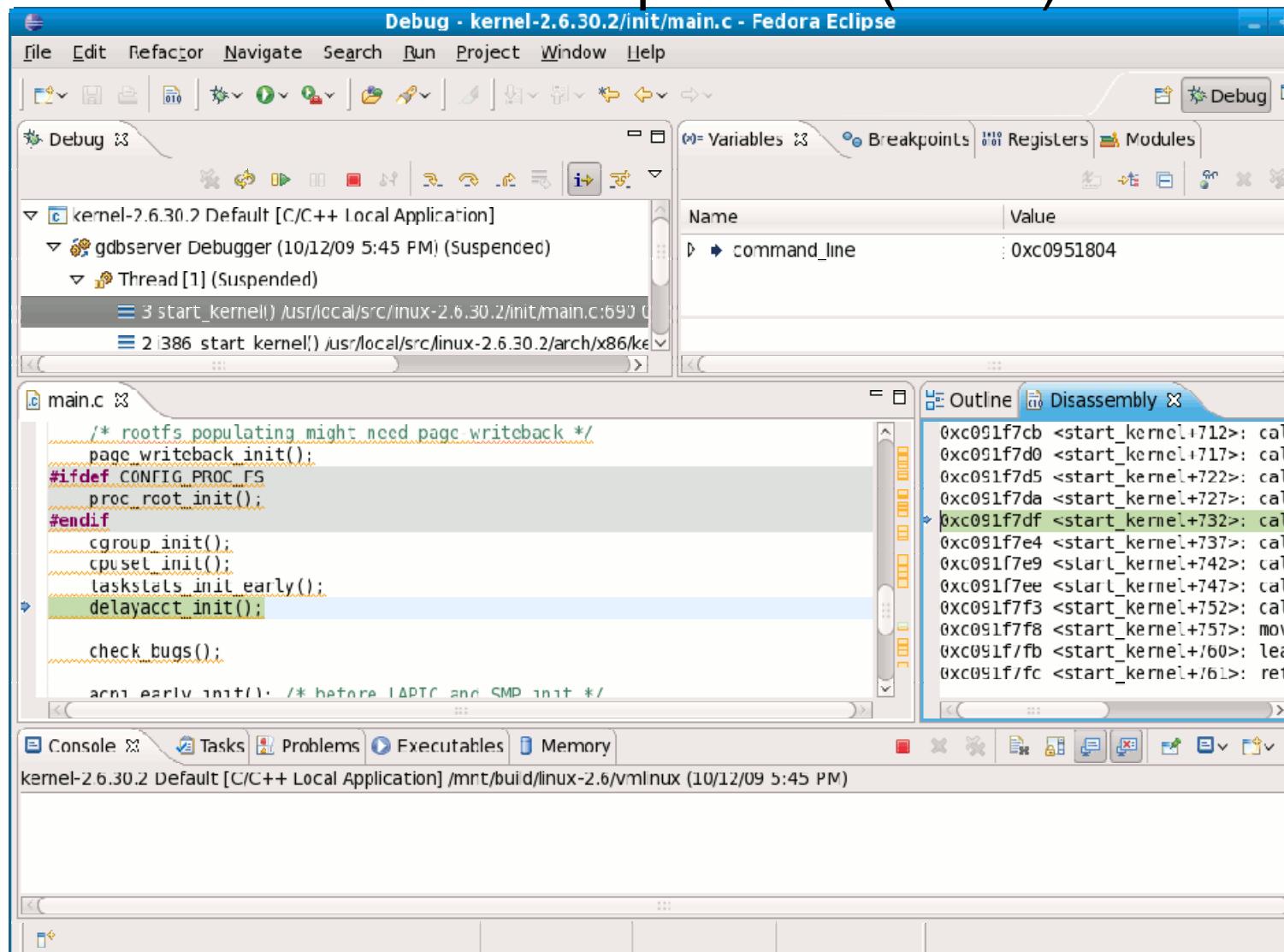


The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "QEMU [Stopped]" displaying the boot logs of a Linux kernel. The logs include initialization messages for CPU#0, memory management (PID hash table, Dentry cache, Inode-cache hash tables), and memory layout details. It also mentions TSC calibration, detected processor speed (2193.136 MHz), and console configuration (colour VGA+ 80x25). A warning message about page_cgroup allocation is present, along with information about HighMem initialization and memory usage.

```
Initializing CPU#0
NR_IRQS:1280
PID hash table entries: 512 (order: 9, 2048 bytes)
Fast TSC calibration failed
TSC: PIT calibration matches PMTIMER. 2 loops
Detected 2193.136 MHz processor.
Console: colour VGA+ 80x25
console [tty0] enabled
Dentry cache hash table entries: 16384 (order: 4, 65536 bytes)
Inode-cache hash table entries: 8192 (order: 3, 32768 bytes)
allocated 655040 bytes of page_cgroup
please try cgroup_disable=memory option if you don't want
Initializing HighMem for node 0 (00000000:00000000)
Memory: 121284k/131008k available (3240k kernel code, 9184k reserved, 1966k data
, 404k init, 0k highmem)
virtual kernel memory layout:
  fixmap : 0xffc56000 - 0xfffff000  (3748 kB)
  pkmap : 0xff800000 - 0xffa00000  (2048 kB)
  vmalloc : 0xc87f0000 - 0xff7fe000  ( 880 MB)
  lowmem : 0xc0000000 - 0xc7ff0000  ( 127 MB)
    .init : 0xc091f000 - 0xc0984000  ( 404 kB)
    .data : 0xc072a27e - 0xc0915bb8  (1966 kB)
    .text : 0xc0400000 - 0xc072a27e  (3240 kB)
Checking if this processor honours the WP bit even in supervisor mode...ok.
```

13. Line-by-line run in Eclipse

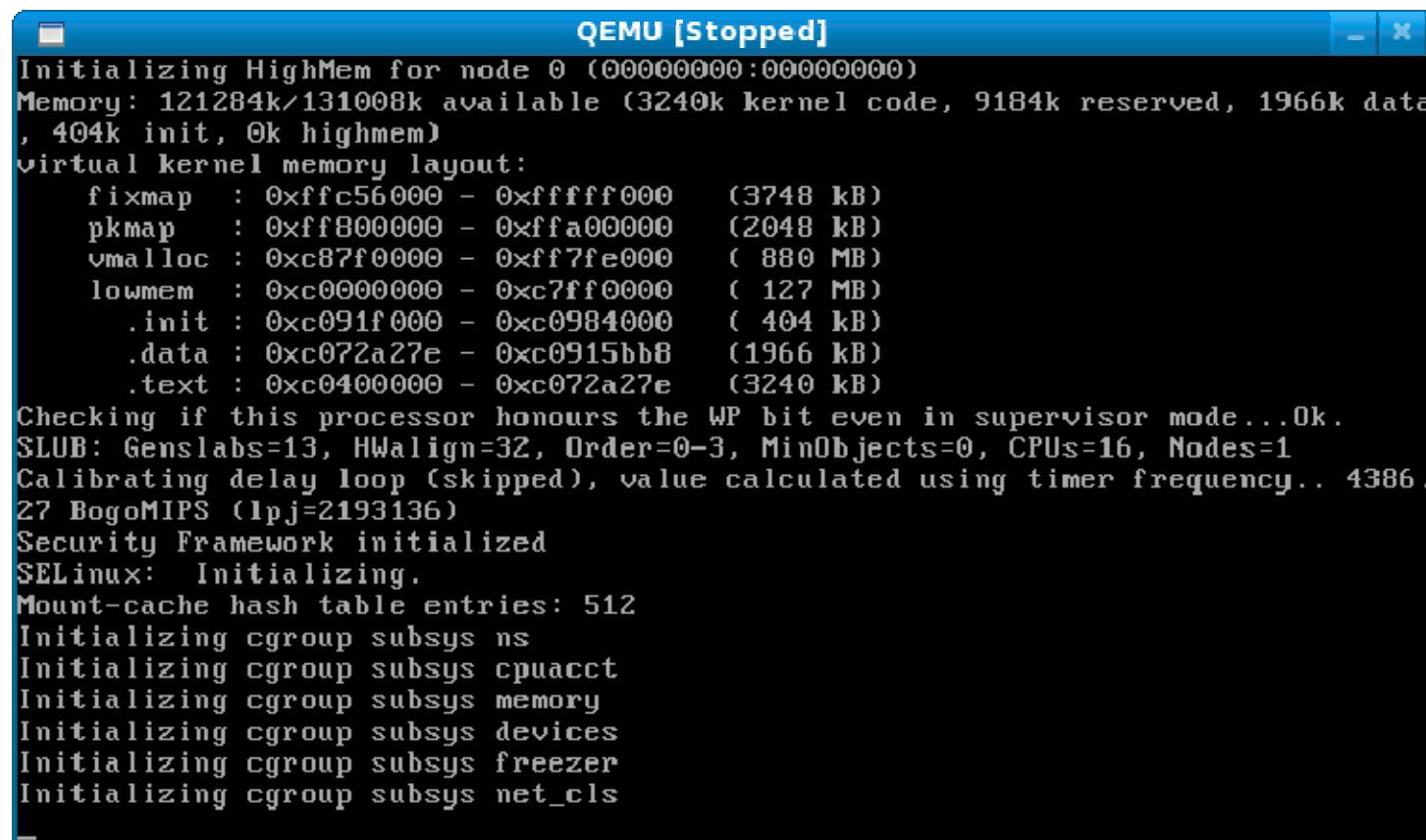
- In Eclipse, “Run→ Step over” (or F6)
 - Several “Run→ Step over”s (or F6)



Outputs on
QEMU screen

13. Line-by-line run in Eclipse

- In Eclipse, “Run→ Step over” (or F6)
 - Several “Run→ Step over”s (or F6)



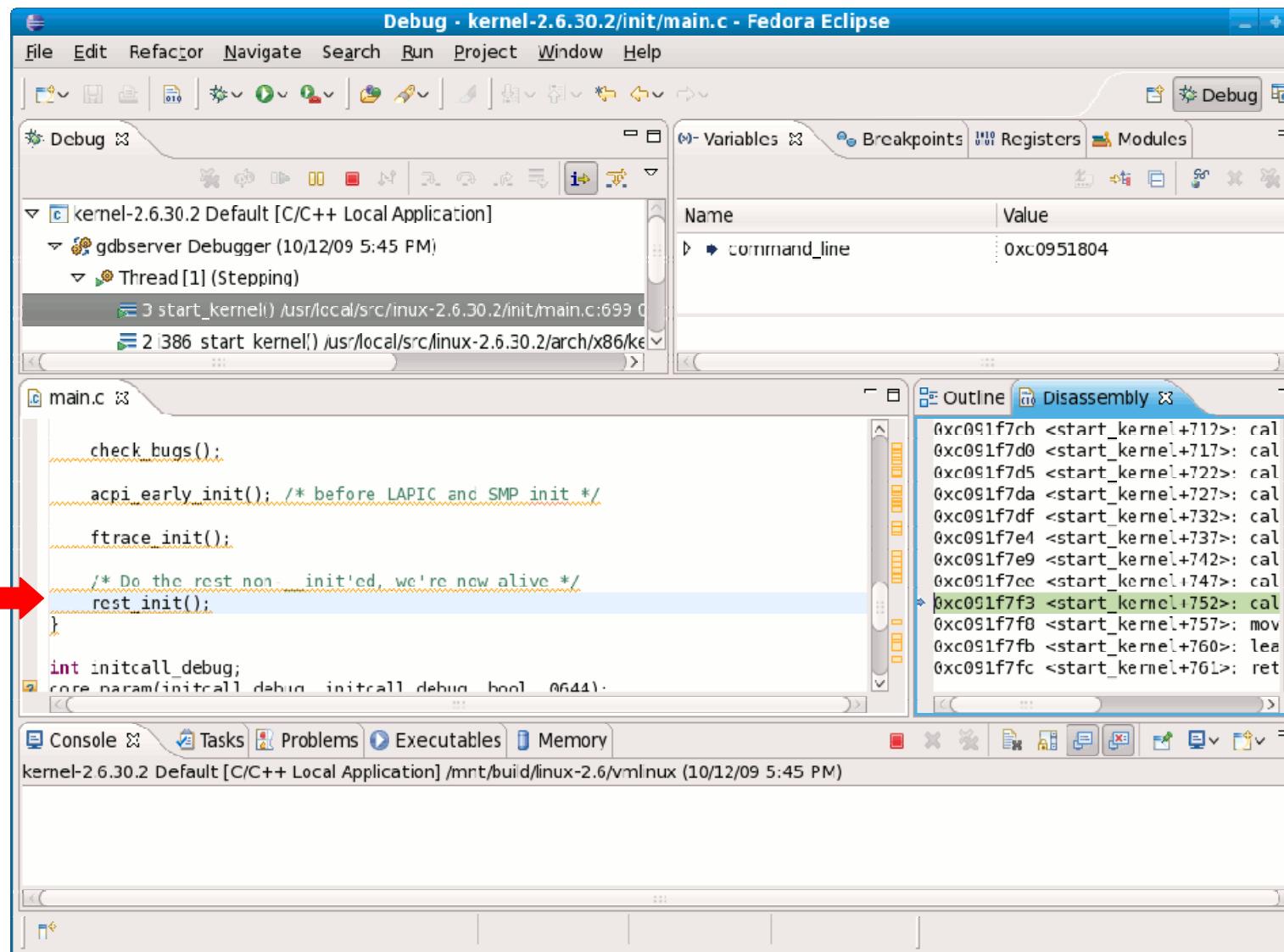
The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "QEMU [Stopped]" displaying the boot logs of a Linux kernel. The logs include memory initialization, virtual kernel memory layout, processor checking, SLUB configuration, calibration, security framework initialization, SELinux initialization, and cgroup subsystem initialization.

```
QEMU [Stopped]
Initializing HighMem for node 0 (00000000:00000000)
Memory: 121284k/131008k available (3240k kernel code, 9184k reserved, 1966k data
, 404k init, 0k highmem)
virtual kernel memory layout:
  fixmap : 0xffc56000 - 0xfffffff000 (3748 kB)
  pkmap : 0xff800000 - 0xffa00000 (2048 kB)
  vmalloc : 0xc87f0000 - 0xff7fe000 ( 880 MB)
  lowmem : 0xc0000000 - 0xc7ff0000 ( 127 MB)
    .init : 0xc091f000 - 0xc0984000 ( 404 kB)
    .data : 0xc072a27e - 0xc0915bb8 (1966 kB)
    .text : 0xc0400000 - 0xc072a27e (3240 kB)
Checking if this processor honours the WP bit even in supervisor mode...ok.
SLUB: Genslabs=13, HWalign=32, Order=0-3, MinObjects=0, CPUs=16, Nodes=1
Calibrating delay loop (skipped), value calculated using timer frequency.. 4386.
27 BogoMIPS (lpj=2193136)
Security Framework initialized
SELinux: Initializing.
Mount-cache hash table entries: 512
Initializing cgroup subsys ns
Initializing cgroup subsys cpuacct
Initializing cgroup subsys memory
Initializing cgroup subsys devices
Initializing cgroup subsys freezer
Initializing cgroup subsys net_cls
```

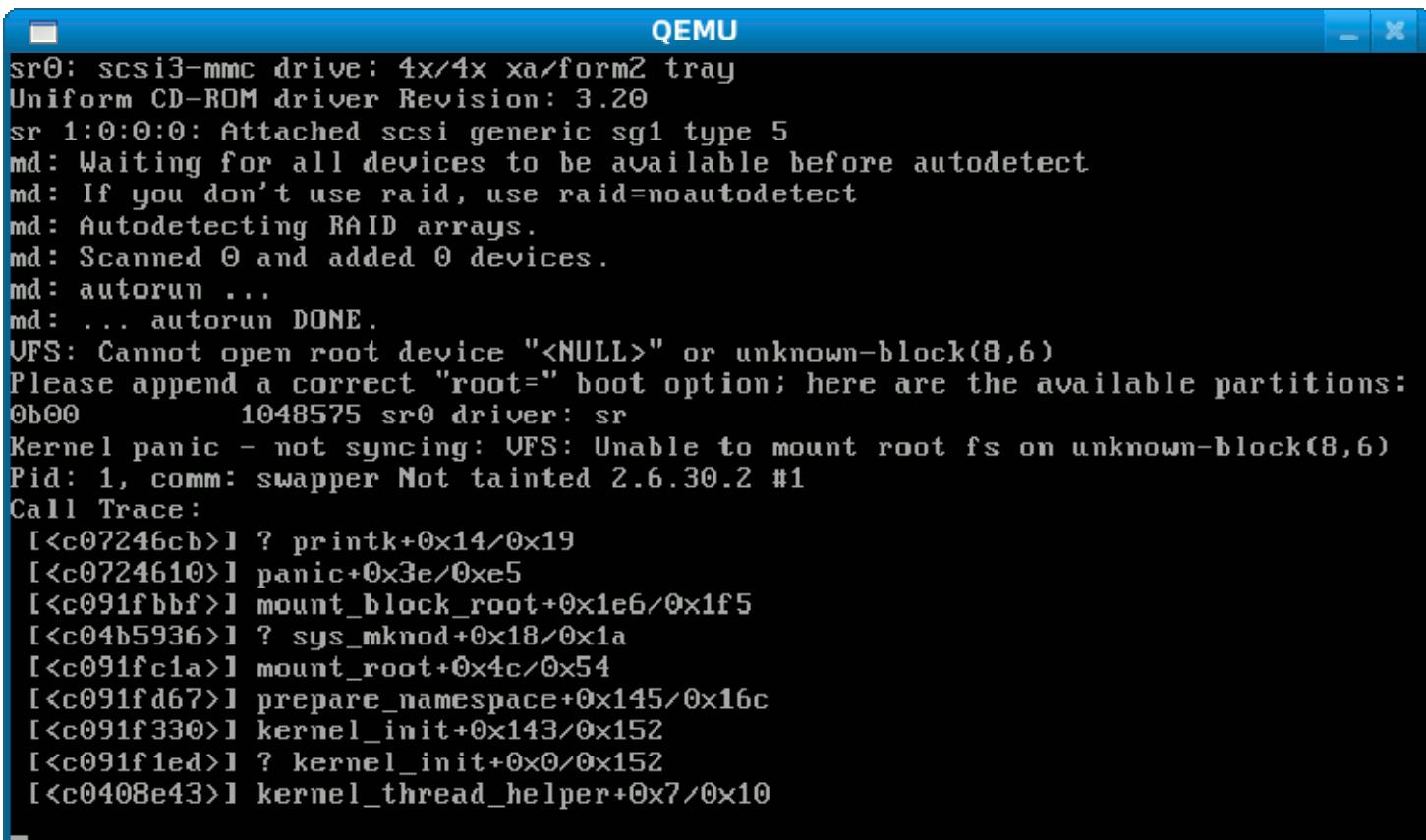
14. Final QEMU screen

- After `rest_init()` run, QEMU console shows **kernel panic**.
 - Since it doesn't have a rootfile system
 - `/dev/zero` was assigned in the initial run.
- Can add a rootfile system later.

14. Final QEMU screen



14. Final QEMU screen



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "QEMU" displaying a Linux kernel boot log. The log output is as follows:

```
sr0: scsi3-mmc drive: 4x/4x xa/form2 tray
Uniform CD-ROM driver Revision: 3.20
sr 1:0:0:0: Attached scsi generic sg1 type 5
md: Waiting for all devices to be available before autodetect
md: If you don't use raid, use raid=noautodetect
md: Autodetecting RAID arrays.
md: Scanned 0 and added 0 devices.
md: autorun ...
md: ... autorun DONE.
UFS: Cannot open root device "<NULL>" or unknown-block(8,6)
Please append a correct "root=" boot option; here are the available partitions:
0b00      1048575 sr0 driver: sr
Kernel panic - not syncing: UFS: Unable to mount root fs on unknown-block(8,6)
Pid: 1, comm: swapper Not tainted 2.6.30.2 #1
Call Trace:
[<c07246cb>] ? printk+0x14/0x19
[<c0724610>] panic+0x3e/0xe5
[<c091fbbf>] mount_block_root+0x1e6/0x1f5
[<c04b5936>] ? sys_mknod+0x18/0x1a
[<c091fc1a>] mount_root+0x4c/0x54
[<c091fd67>] prepare_namespace+0x145/0x16c
[<c091f330>] kernel_init+0x143/0x152
[<c091f1ed>] ? kernel_init+0x0/0x152
[<c0408e43>] kernel_thread_helper+0x7/0x10

```

Two red arrows point to the final line of the log, which is the kernel panic message: "Kernel panic - not syncing: UFS: Unable to mount root fs on unknown-block(8,6)".

15. End

- Now, you have an environment to debug Linux Kernel source code.
- All the credits go to Takis Blog.
 - <http://issaris.blogspot.com/2007/12/download-linux-kernel-sourcecode-from.html>

Thank you.